Fernald Environmental Management Project
Fluor Fernald
Functional Area Document Program

Punctional Area Document Program

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SUBJECT EXPERT: David Ponke x5742

Brinley D. Varchol, Quality Assurance FAM

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RECORD OF ISSUE/REVISIONS

ISSUE AUTHORIZATION DATE	EFFECTIVE DATE	PCN No.	REV. No.	DESCRIPTION
NA	04-30-92		0	Procedure required for Quality Assurance Program Description, initiated by M.A. Malone per Request No. S92-099. Replaces PL-3014, Quality Assurance Program Plan. The content and format were revised to meet requirements of DOE Order 5700.6C. Also, content was revised to incorporate findings under Commitment Number DW:92: 0176.
NA	07-03-92		1	Document revised to resolve comments from DOE per Request No. S92-218 initiated by Jim Turner.
NA	04-30-93		2	Document revised to incorporate organizational changes effected upon change of contracting organization from WEMCO to FERMCO. Revisions also incorporate comments from DOE-EM organizations. Issued for internal review prior to formal revisions. Initiated by Jim Turner.
NA	11-30-94		3	Document revised to incorporate organizational changes; 10 CFR 830.120, Quality Assurance requirements; and review comments. Issued for internal review prior to formal revisions. Initiated by David Ponke. The effective date for the <i>QAP</i> is 11/30/94. This date allows for distribution and training for the revised <i>QAP</i> .
11-20-97	11-30-97		4	Revision incorporates change notices, editorial & administrative corrections, and organizational updates. This revision does not reflect any minor or major revisions to RM-0012. Includes change notices IC96-16 dated 3/15/96, SC96-007 dated 1/20/96, and SC95-006 dated 1/20/95.

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RECORD OF ISSUE/REVISIONS

ISSUE AUTHORIZATION DATE	EFFECTIVE DATE	PCN No.	REV. No.	DESCRIPTION
05-05-98	05-05-98	1	4	PCN1 is an administrative change to RM-0012. It does not affect the technical content of RM-0012 since the original intent was for informational purposes. PCN1 deletes Attachment D-1, pages 67-73. Deletes reference to Attachment D-1 pages 74-85. Table of Contents deletes Attachment D-1, page iv. Reference to Attachment D-1 modified on page 58.
05-25-99	06-15-99	2	4	Revised to incorporate Integrated Safety Management (ISM). Initiated by Brinley Varchol. Revised to add Section 7.0 to the introduction.
ISSUE AUTHORIZATION DATE	EFFECTIVE DATE	UDC No.	REV. No.	DESCRIPTION
O1-31-00 Incorporated site review comments. Authorized for submittal to DOE for review and comment	30 days after DOE approval		5	Formatted to MS-2001 requirements. Incorporates Procedure Change Notices PCN1 AND PCN2. DOE O 414.1A replaces DOE O 5700.6C. Administrative and editorial changes. Updated Attachments. Updated section 3 of the Introduction to address activities where there is a potential for radiological harm. The effective date of this revision will be established after DOE approval of Rev. 5, which will be adjusted to incorporate comments received.
04-17-00	05-01-00		5	Incorporated DOE editorial and review comments. Updated Section 1, descending hierarchy for documents in section 3, updated attachment 1 for organization chart, and enhanced attachment 3 for Quality Levels and Performance Grades. Approval of RM-0012 per DOE Letter DOE-567-00 dated APR 05 2000.

STATEMENT OF QUALITY ASSURANCE AUTHORITY

Fluor Fernald provides a number of deliverables to the DOE, regulatory agencies and the public. Fluor Fernald is committed to continuously improve the quality of our products and services. We must do the right thing right, the first time, safely, at least cost, and on time.

The Quality Assurance Program (QAP) describes the policies and practices, which constitute the Fluor Fernald Quality Assurance Program. This program, along with associated policies and procedures, establishes a system for achieving or exceeding the required quality levels for activities associated with the Fernald Environmental Management Project (FEMP). Where and to the extent that activities must be controlled and performed in specific manners or steps, procedures and work instructions will be used with a level of specificity and detail appropriate to the importance or hazard of the activity. Personnel will be trained to these procedures and instructions and expected to follow them exactly. In the event that personnel believe that procedural compliance is unwise or unsafe, they will stop work at a position of process safety and stability and resolve the concerns with appropriate supervision. Procedural changes will then be made as appropriate to continue work.

I retain the responsibility for the overall Fluor Fernald Quality Assurance Program. The authority for establishing, administering, and evaluating the effectiveness of the Quality Assurance Program is delegated to the Quality Assurance Program Coach. All levels of Fluor Fernald management are responsible for contributing to the achievement of quality; and for taking a leadership role in ensuring that quality assurance requirements are factored into their work activities, understood by all personnel, continually assessed, and fully implemented. Each person is responsible for compliance with the requirements of quality assurance programs as they apply to their work assignments.

Fluor Fernald will work towards a "no-fault" attitude to encourage all personnel to identify nonconforming items and processes, and suggest improvements. Every Fluor Fernald employee must fully support implementation of quality assurance programs and become involved in and support a process of systematic and continuous performance improvement. These efforts are essential to sustain quality and improvement of environmental remediation.

John Bradburne, President Fluor Fernald, Inc.

INTRODUCTION

1.0 Background

The U. S. Department of Energy (DOE) facility at Fernald, Ohio was built in the early 1950s by the U.S. Atomic Energy Commission to process uranium ore concentrates into high purity uranium-metal products. National Lead of Ohio was the management and operating (M&O) contractor from 1953 to 1986. In 1986, Westinghouse Environmental Management Company of Ohio (WEMCO) (formerly Westinghouse Materials Company of Ohio) assumed responsibility for management and operations at the Fernald site.

In 1989, Westinghouse and DOE placed a new focus on environmental restoration for the Fernald site, and DOE suspended uranium production operations. In 1991, DOE permanently terminated production operations, reorganized the Fernald site to reflect its environmental restoration mission, and changed the name of the site to the Fernald Environmental Management Project (FEMP). As management and operations contractors, the National Lead of Ohio and Westinghouse companies performed the planned work at the Fernald site at the direction of DOE, and DOE compensated these contractors for their allowable incurred costs. In December, 1992, the Fernald Environmental Restoration Management Corporation (FERMCO) was named the new management contractor for the Fernald site. The provisions of FERMCO's contract were fashioned after the cost reimbursement provisions under the Federal Acquisitions Regulations.

In February 1993, DOE Headquarters (DOE-HQ) signed the Project Plan for the FEMP, designating this project as a Major Systems Acquisition. This plan is an agreement between DOE Headquarters (DOE-HQ) and DOE-FEMP on how the Fernald project will be managed.

In 1996, FERMCO assumed the name Flour Daniel Fernald, Inc. (FDF). In 2000, Fluor Daniel Fernald changed its name to Fluor Fernald, Inc. as part of a corporate re-alignment. Discussions in this Management Plan are written with the title of the company that existed at the time the discussed area occurred. The company remains the same, as does its responsibilities under the prime contract including preparing and following an approved, measurable plan to perform contractual requirements aggressively. Fluor Fernald, Inc. continues to maintain a close and supportive working relationship with DOE.

2.0 Fluor Fernald Mission Statement

Together, DOE and Fluor Fernald are committed to safely restoring the Fernald site to an end state, which serves the communities' needs, and we will do this on an accelerated schedule.

An integral part of successfully pursuing this mission is to ensure that the required level of quality in all site activities is achieved, while also taking the necessary measures to ensure the health and safety of site personnel and the public, and safeguarding the environment.

The success of the FEMP depends on the required level of quality being achieved in every functional area including: design and analysis, procurement, fabrication, installation, surveying, construction, testing, handling, storing, shipping, operating, maintenance, repair, modification, decontamination, decommissioning, sample collection and analysis, monitoring, measurement, data analysis, inspection, management assessments, independent assessments, training, and documentation.

3.0 Program Standard (Drivers)

The *QAP* uses 10 CFR Part 830.120 for the basic requirements and uses other requirements as stated in the following paragraphs to enhance the QA Program and tailors it to meet the needs of the site. Fluor Fernald's QA Program also incorporates appropriate requirements from DOE's *Quality Assurance Management System Guide for use with 10CFR 830.120 and DOE O 414.1A*, DOE G 414.1-2 dated 06-17-99.

Statements from this Guide have been identified as either requirements or recommendations (move towards excellence) as documented in both the *Quality Assurance Program* (RM-0012) and the *QA Rule Implementation Plan QARIP* (PL-3029). 10 CFR Part 830.120 is intended to supersede the existing requirements in DOE Order 414.1A, *Quality Assurance*, for nuclear facilities.

The basic requirements of DOE Order 414.1A and 10 CFR Part 830.120 are identical. Approved management programs based on DOE Order 414.1A will meet the requirements of 10 CFR Part 830.120. 10 CFR Part 830.120 (QA Rule) requires the preparation of an implementation plan, which describes the schedules, milestones, and activities necessary to implement the regulation. The purpose of Fluor Fernald's *QA Rule Implementation Plan (QARIP)*, PL-3029, is to provide detailed information necessary for Fluor Fernald to implement (through the *Quality Assurance Program [QAP]*) the requirements of 10 CFR Part 830.120.

Along with the broad application of the QA Program at the FEMP, Fluor Fernald is committed to implement the QA Rule in facilities rated as Nuclear Hazard Category (HC 1,2, or 3), Radiological Facilities and those facilities or activities which have the potential to cause radiological harm. Hazard Categories are documented in accordance with the Fluor Fernald Safety Analysis Report/Technical Safety Requirement (SAR/TSR) Implementation Plan. Fluor Fernald realizes that, if a nonconformance or deficiency occurs in non-nuclear facilities or activities, and the lack of corrective action could lead to violation of Nuclear Safety Requirements in higher hazard nuclear facilities, or lead to the potential for radiological harm, then the potential for enforcement increases accordingly.

Fluor Fernald's Quality Assurance Program (QAP) is based on the appropriate criteria specified in 10 CFR Part 830.120 Quality Assurance Requirements.

Standards and requirements are identified in the Standards/Requirements Identification Document (S/RID) in RM-0016, *Management Plan*. The successful application of the management system should embrace the philosophy described in DOE/HR-0066. The principles described in DOE/HR-0066 are applied in practice through the application of the criteria of 10 CFR Part 830.120.

4.0 <u>Scope</u>

This QAP establishes the QA requirements for Fluor Fernald and all other contractor and subcontractor organizations performing work at the FEMP. The QAP identifies and describes the integral elements of the QA activities that apply to the broad spectrum of work performed by Fluor Fernald and its contractors and subcontractors for all activities associated with the FEMP.

Major work activities associated with the FEMP are: remedial investigation, feasibility study, removal site evaluations, removal actions, remedial design, remedial actions, Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA) activities, construction, waste management, safe shutdown, program management and support activities, and landlord

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activities.

Although it is not necessary for each organization to develop a separate QA Program covering their operation, special QA Program Plans may be developed for programs or projects which require additional control or special emphasis not covered in the QAP.

5.0 Description of Program (Purpose)

Fluor Fernald policy is to establish and implement a QA Program to ensure that risks and environmental impacts are minimized and that safety, reliability, and performance are maximized through the application of effective management systems commensurate with the risks posed by the facility and its work. The QA Program also incorporates requirements for effective planning, implementation, and assessment of environmental sampling and analysis activities.

The QAP is organized into three functional categories:

MANAGEMENT · CRITERION 1 - PROGRAM

- CRITERION 2 - PERSONNEL TRAINING AND QUALIFICATION

· CRITERION 3 - QUALITY IMPROVEMENT

CRITERION 4 - DOCUMENTS AND RECORDS

PERFORMANCE - CRITERION 5 - WORK PROCESSES

- CRITERION 6 - DESIGN

· CRITERION 7 - PROCUREMENT

· CRITERION 8 - INSPECTION AND ACCEPTANCE TESTING

ASSESSMENT · CRITERION 9 - MANAGEMENT ASSESSMENT

· CRITERION 10 - INDEPENDENT ASSESSMENT

Within the three functional categories are the QA criteria that provide the basic requirements of a QA Program. Each criterion also identifies responsibilities and outlines the procedural approach that will be followed.

6.0 PROGRAM IMPLEMENTATION

6.1 Graded Approach

The scope and depth of the management system's application of requirements to a specific activity shall be determined by the use of a grading process. The grading process provides the flexibility to design controls that best suit the facility or activity. The graded approach process shall determine the appropriate level of effort necessary to attain and document the requirements established through the consideration of prescribed factors.

This process is based on prescribed facility-specific or activity-specific factors such as the:

- level of risk:
- age, status, and condition of a facility or process;
- history of problems at a site or facility;
- adequacy of existing safety documentation; and
- · complexity of products or services involved.

A graded approach and the establishment of Quality Levels are used to determine the appropriate level of effort necessary to implement the requirements of 10 CFR 830.120.

A graded approach as specified in Attachment 3 - Graded Approach for Quality Levels, shall be used to ensure that the resources applied are commensurate with the importance of the result to the achievement of site goals.

6.2 <u>Implementing Documents</u>

Implementation of the QA Program requires the use of implementing documents, which satisfy the provisions of this QAP.

RM-0016, *Management Plan*, charters all Functional Area Managers to develop plans and procedures to the requirements of their functional areas.

The site document database for procedures and forms is updated regularly by Fluor Fernald and identifies the latest implementing site procedures and revisions. Key site documents that implement QA requirements are listed in Attachment 5.

The requirements of QAMS-005/80 and DOE Order 231.1 apply to all environmental monitoring and measurement efforts mandated by the EPA. The Federal Facilities Compliance Agreement and the Amended Consent Agreement require that an approved Quality Assurance Project Plan (QAPjP) be established in accordance with EPA requirements for QA Plans to address data generation activities.

FD-1000, the Sitewide CERCLA Quality (SCQ) Assurance Project Plan, as the principal QAPjP for the FEMP, has been developed to cover the EPA QAMS requirements for environmental sampling and analysis to support ultimate remediation of the site. The SCQ describes the QC procedures to be followed by DOE and its contractors during the course of remediation of the FEMP. The SCQ also describes the QC acceptance criteria used to determine the precision, accuracy, representativeness, comparability, and completeness of environmental measurements. Basic requirements for sampling, sample handling and storage, chain-of-custody records, and laboratory and field analysis are specified in the sections and appendices of the SCQ.

6.3 Should and Shall Statements Usage

The usage of should, may, must, and shall statements as used in the QAP are defined as follows:

- "Shall" and "Must" statements are mandatory requirements.
- "Should" and "May" statements affect culture and movements toward excellence.
 They are not requirements for enforcement. Personnel should strive to attain goals to support site strategic planning.

7.0 INTEGRATED SAFETY MANAGEMENT SYSTEM (ISMS)

Integrated Safety Management (ISM) requires both DOE and Fluor Fernald to systematically integrate safety into management and work practices at all levels, so that missions are accomplished while protecting the workers, the public, and the environment. The FEMP Management Plan, RM-0016 identifies the Standards/Requirements identification Documents (S/RIDs) number 10 as the driver for the Safety performance Requirements. These updated requirements implement the seven guiding principles and five core functions of Integrated Safety Management (ISM) as outlined in Appendix "N"

of the FEMP Management Plan, RM-0016 through divisional and functional area documents and requirements.

The Quality Assurance Program and ISM are interwoven effectively to provide the FEMP with safe and effective work process. How QA and ISM are interrelated is discussed below.

7.1 Core Functions for Integrated Safety Management

The five core safety management functions provide the necessary structure for any work activity that could potentially affect the public, the workers, and the environment. The functions are applied as a continuous cycle with the degree of rigor appropriate to address the type of work activity and the hazards involved.

- Define the Scope of Work Missions are translated into work, expectations are set, tasks are identified and prioritized, and resources are allocated. This function is primarily reflected in Criterion 5 of the QAP.
- Analyze the Hazards Hazards associated with the work are identified, analyzed and categorized. Also primarily in Criterion 5, as well as 6.
- Develop and Implement Hazard Controls Applicable standards and requirements are identified and agreed-upon, controls to prevent/mitigate hazards are identified, the safety envelope is established, and controls are implemented. This function is reflected throughout the QAP Functional Category B Performance, which includes Criterion 5, 6, 7, and 8.
- <u>Perform Work within Controls</u> Readiness is confirmed and work is performed safely. This function is confirmed through Criterion 5 and 8.
- Provide Feedback and Continuous Improvement Feedback information on the adequacy of controls is gathered, opportunities for improving the definition and planning of work are identified and implemented, line and independent oversight is conducted, and, if necessary, regulatory enforcement actions occur. This function is the integral point of Criterion 8, 9, and 10.

7.2 Guiding Principles for Integrated Safety Management

The guiding principles are the fundamental policies that guide Fluor Fernald and subcontractor actions, from development of safety directives to the performance of work. QA is mandated to perform assessments for compliance with these principles.

- <u>Line Management Responsibility for Safety</u> Line management is directly responsible
 for the protection of the public, the workers, and the environment. QA line
 management will be held accountable for assuring the safe performance of activities
 in which they are involved to assure the safety of all.
- Clear Roles and Responsibilities Clear and unambiguous lines of authority and responsibility for ensuring safety shall be established and maintained at all organizational levels. QA line management will be directly responsible for the safety of its team members and will perform assessments on other organizations.
- Competence Commensurate with Responsibilities Personnel shall possess the experience, knowledge, skills, and abilities that are necessary to discharge their responsibilities. Criterion 2 of the OAP discusses this principle in detail

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- Identification of Safety Standards and Requirements Before work is performed, the
 associated hazards shall be evaluated and an agreed-upon set of safety standards and
 requirements shall be established which, if properly implemented, will provide
 adequate assurance that the public, the workers, and the environment are protected
 from adverse consequences. Criterion 5, 6, 7, and 8 in Functional Category B
 Performance is based on a similar principle.
- Hazard Controls Tailored to Work Being Performed Administrative and engineering controls to prevent and mitigate hazards shall be tailored to the work being performed and associated hazards. QA is vital to assurance that controls are in place and adhered to through Criterion 5, 6, 7, and 8 as well as 9 and 10.
- Operations Authorization The conditions and requirements to be satisfied for operations to be initiated and conducted safely shall be clearly established and agreed-upon. Criterion 5 and 8 in the QAP meet the intent of this guiding principle.

QA and ISM are based on many of the same concepts of planning and implementing work activities in a safe and efficient manner. The two programs combined together at the FEMP are a significant asset the site for safely meeting its stated mission.

8.0 REFERENCES

- 8.1 10 CFR 830.120, Quality Assurance Requirements
- 8.2 29 CFR 1910.120, Hazardous Waste Operations and Emergency Response (EPA 1980) in its Entirety
- 8.3 40 CFR 264.16, Personnel Training
- 8.4 40 CFR 270.14 (b)(12), Contents of Part A of the Permit Application
- 8.5 DOE O 200.1, Information Management Program
- 8.6 DOE O 231.1, Environment, Safety and Health Reports
- 8.7 DOE Order 414.1A, Quality Assurance
- 8.8 DOE G 414.1-2 Quality Assurance Management System Guide for use with 10CFR 830.120 and DOE O 414.1A
- 8.9 DOE/HR-0066, Total Quality Management Implementation Guide
- 8.10 Ohio Administrative Code (OAC) 3745-16, Environmental Protection Agency Administration Director

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- 8.11 Ohio Administrative Code (OAC) 3745-50-44(A)(12), Environmental Protection Agency Administration Director
- 8.12 QAMS-005/80, Guidelines and Specifications for Preparing Quality Assurance Program Plans
- 8.13 FD-1000, Sitewide CERCLA Quality (SCQ) Assurance Project Plan
- 8.14 PL-3029, QA Rule Implementation Plan
- 8.15 RM-0016, Management Plan
- 9.0 FORMS
- 9.1 Not applicable to document

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FUNCTIONAL CATEGORY A: MANAGEMENT

The Management Category contains the program elements that define the framework for the management systems supporting the QA Program that:

- Establishes the responsibility and authority of the functional units of Fluor Fernald relative to assuring quality of processes and products involved in all activities for the FEMP.
- Describes the role of the QA Organization in establishing and maintaining the QA Program.
- Defines required quality levels for work, outlines organizational responsibilities, provides for training of personnel, and describes the interfacing between organizations to ensure that the varied expertise of the organization is utilized.
- Establishes a system for the prevention, early detection, correction, and reporting of deficiencies, including any breakdown in the management systems, to ensure the quality and improvement of removal, remediation, and remediation support.
- Describes the document control system and the system for the compilation of records, which
 document Fluor Fernald management of the QA program.

The Management Category is composed of the following criteria:

- Criterion 1 Program
- Criterion 2 Personnel Training and Qualification
- Criterion 3 Quality Improvement
- Criterion 4 Documents and Records

1.0 CRITERION 1 - PROGRAM

A written QAP shall be developed, implemented, and maintained. The QAP shall describe the organizational structure, functional responsibilities, levels of authority, and interfaces for those managing, performing, and assessing the work. The QAP shall describe management processes, including planning, scheduling, and resource considerations.

1.1 <u>SCOPE</u>

This criterion describes the requirements and responsibilities for an organization to develop and maintain an effective management system. The management system shall include the methods of managing, performing, and assessing the adequacy of work, including work assigned to parties outside the organization.

The management system shall focus on accomplishing the mission as outlined in the organization's *Management Plan*, RM-0016. The management system applies to every component and employee of the organization, and includes the organizational structure, functional responsibilities, level of authority, and interfaces.

1.2 REQUIREMENTS

1.2.1 Fluor Fernald shall develop, implement and maintain a written *Quality Assurance Program (QAP)* and submit it to the DOE for approval. Fluor Fernald subcontractors shall submit their Quality Assurance Programs (where QA programs are required) to Fluor Fernald Quality Assurance for review and approval.

1.2.2 The QAP:

- Describes the organizational structure (Attachment 1 Fluor Fernald Organization Chart), levels of authority, and interfaces for those managing, performing, and assessing the adequacy of work.
- Describes the onsite and offsite organizational elements, including interfaces for roles and responsibilities of Fluor Fernald and DOE Fernald Environmental Management Project (DOE-FEMP) in the review of contractor QA Plans.
- Establishes criteria for developing individual QA Plans or combining similar work under a single QA Plan when appropriate.
- 1.2.3 Organizations conducting environmental sampling and analysis shall comply with quality assurance and quality control requirements specified in FD-1000, Sitewide CERCLA Quality (SCQ) Assurance Project Plan, as approved by the DOE and the EPA, as well as with this QAP.

Geotechnical analysis and measurements conducted for treatability studies and engineering design studies for environmental decisions shall comply with the applicable sections of the SCQ as stated above.

- 1.2.4 The applicable requirements of 10 CFR Part 830.120, Quality Assurance Requirements of this QAP shall be applied to suppliers and subcontractors who perform work under the prime cognizance of Fluor Fernald or work that affects the responsibility of Fluor Fernald.
- 1.2.5 Senior leadership shall develop and issue a written QA Policy Statement that commits Fluor Fernald to implement a formal QA Program.
- 1.2.6 Senior leadership shall retain and exercise the responsibility for the scope and implementation of an effective QA Program.
- 1.2.7 Line leadership shall be responsible for the achievement of quality.
- 1.2.8 Individuals shall be responsible for the quality of their work.
- 1.2.9 The QA Program should promote effective and efficient achievement of performance objectives.
- 1.2.10 The QA Program shall be binding on all personnel, including those having responsibility for planning and scheduling. Fluor Fernald leadership shall take the necessary actions to ensure that the QA Program is understood and implemented.
- 1.2.11 A common vocabulary consistent with and representative of work being performed shall be adopted. (Attachment 2)
- 1.2.12 Key terminology shall be defined. (Attachment 2)
- 1.2.13 The quality of items and processes shall be ensured to an extent consistent with their potential impact on the safe and reliable operation of the FEMP. A graded approach, as specified in Attachment 3 Graded Approach for Quality Levels, shall be used to ensure that the resources applied are commensurate with the importance of the result to the achievement of site goals.
- 1.2.14 Work assigned to parties outside Fluor Fernald (contractors, subcontractors, suppliers, etc.) shall be identified. Management controls shall be established, responsibilities assigned, and lines of communication identified.
- 1.2.15 Organizations should ensure that initial estimates used in planning are based on valid data and assumptions relating to personnel, material/service costs, availabilities, and productivity.
- 1.2.16 Readiness reviews shall be performed prior to initiation of major work activities identified to require readiness review. Readiness reviews shall be performed to verify at least the following characteristics:
 - Work prerequisites have been satisfied, including regulatory compliance issues.
 - Detailed technical and QA procedures have been reviewed for adequacy and appropriateness.
 - Training programs are in place.

- Personnel have been suitably trained and qualified.
- Proper equipment, material, and resources are available.
- 1.2.17 A readiness review using a graded approach shall be performed in accordance with Paragraph 1.2.16 prior to restarting work affected by a stop work order.
- 1.2.18 Fluor Fernald shall assign the responsibility and authority to stop unsatisfactory work and control further processing, delivery, installation, or the use of nonconforming items such that planning and schedule considerations do not override safety, quality, or environmental considerations.

1.3 RESPONSIBILITIES

- 1.3.1 President of Fluor Fernald shall:
 - Retain the authority and responsibility for the overall QA Program of Fluor Fernald. This authority extends to the review and approval of this QAP.
 - Establish the QA Policy for Fluor Fernald.
- 1.3.2 The Quality Assurance Organization shall:
 - Provide Fluor Fernald with systems for a quality assurance program that provide assurance that all FEMP organizations, projects, systems, operations, activities, and processes are managed and operated to achieve intended results and that items and services supplied or procured meet the intended or required standards.
 - Develop the QA Program, with input from all senior leadership, monitor its implementation and effectiveness, and coordinate the Fluor Fernald Organizations' QA functions.
 - Review and approve other Fluor Fernald contractor Quality Assurance Program Plans/Descriptions (where QA programs are required).
 - Issue a Stop Work Order, as authorized by the Quality Assurance Program
 Coach, for a significant condition adverse to quality in which continued work
 could prevent repair or in which there is a major programmatic breakdown that
 impacts a major portion of the work being performed.
- 1.3.3 Leadership of Fluor Fernald Organizations shall:
 - Retain the primary responsibility and are accountable for the scope and implementation of the management system. However, every individual in the organization is responsible for achieving quality in his or her activities.
 - Promote effective achievement of performance objectives through the:
 - establishment of task assignments;
 - identification of lines of communication; and

determination and provision of the necessary resources and environment to accomplish the required activities.

- Ensure the achievement of quality in the products, processes, services, and work activities assigned to their organizations.
- Conduct their organization's operations in compliance with the applicable requirements of this QAP.
- Perform evaluation of structures, equipment, systems, components, and processes relative to their importance to safety, reliability, and other quality functions.
- Provide their personnel with the necessary orientation and training to ensure compliance with existing, new, or revised implementing procedures.
- Ensure, for all assigned work, that the management controls shall include the establishment of responsibilities and the identification of lines of communication.
- Ensure that all personnel understand and implement the management system.

1.4 IMPLEMENTATION

1.4.1 Graded Approach

The scope and depth of the management system's application of requirements to a specific activity shall be determined by the use of a grading process. The grading process provides the flexibility to design controls that best suit the facility or activity. The graded approach process shall determine the appropriate level of effort necessary to attain and document the requirements established through the consideration of prescribed factors.

This process is based on prescribed facility-specific or activity-specific factors such as the:

- level of risk;
- age, status, and condition of a facility or process;
- history of problems at a site or facility;
- adequacy of existing safety documentation; and
- complexity of products or services involved.

A graded approach and the establishment of Quality Levels are used to determine the appropriate level of effort necessary to implement the requirements of 10 CFR 830.120.

A graded approach as specified in Attachment 3 - Graded Approach for Quality Levels, shall be used to ensure that the resources applied are commensurate with the

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importance of the result to the achievement of site goals.

1.4.2 Implementing Documents

The process for developing and using plans and procedures and their implementation is outlined in RM-0016, *Management Plan*. RM-0016 charters all Functional Area Managers to develop plans and procedures to the requirements of their functional areas.

The site document database for procedures and forms is updated regularly by Fluor Fernald and identifies the latest implementing site procedures and revisions. Key site documents, which implement QA requirements, are listed in Attachment 5.

This list is officially maintained and controlled in RM-0016, Management Plan.

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2.0 CRITERION 2 - PERSONNEL TRAINING AND QUALIFICATION

Personnel shall be trained and qualified to ensure they are capable of performing their assigned work. Personnel shall be provided continuing training to ensure that job proficiency is maintained.

2.1 SCOPE

This criterion describes the Fluor Fernald requirements for personnel to be trained and qualified to ensure they are capable of performing their assigned work. Personnel shall be provided continued training to ensure that job proficiency is maintained.

2.2 REQUIREMENTS

2.2.1 A formal training program for Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA) hazardous waste personnel shall be developed for the Fernald Environmental Management Project (FEMP) as required by Ohio Administrative Code (OAC) 3745-50-44(A)(12), OAC 3745-54-16, Title 40 Code of Federal Regulation (CFR) 270.14 (b) (12) and 40 CFR 264.16.

The training program shall also meet the training requirements for RCRA permitted treatment, storage and disposal facilities prescribed in the Occupational Safety and Health Act (OSHA) regulations in 29 CFR 1910.120.

- 2.2.2 All personnel shall be capable of performing their assigned tasks. Training shall prepare the employee to perform the job, as well as, maintain and promote progressive improvement and employee satisfaction. Qualification requirements (experience, education, and training) shall be documented for each position as required.
- 2.2.3 Training shall provide the worker with an understanding of the processes and tools required. Using the graded approach, it shall cover the extent and sources of variability in those processes and tools, the degree to which the worker does and does not have control over that variability, and an understanding of the fundamentals of the work.
- 2.2.4 Training shall emphasize requirements for performance of work and provide understanding of why quality requirements exist. The training shall focus attention on doing the right things the first time and address potential consequences of improper work.
- 2.2.5 Trained and qualified instructors shall present the training. They may be training providers or qualified members of the organization requiring the training. Instructors shall possess technical knowledge, experience, course development and instructional skills.
- 2.2.6 Training plans shall address and stimulate job performance. They are to provide for progressive improvement and shall not be limited to initial qualification for job proficiency. Training plans for management personnel should include professional, managerial, communication, and interpersonal skills.
- 2.2.7 Personnel performing work that requires special skills/abilities such as welding or legally required training shall be qualified (and certified, if required) prior to performing that work. The certification program is to include demonstrated proficiency.

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- 2.2.8 Training programs shall be periodically reviewed to determine program and instruction effectiveness, and shall be upgraded when required.
- 2.2.9 Completion of training shall be documented in accordance with established procedures, and those documents shall be filed and maintained in Training Records.

2.3 RESPONSIBILITIES

- 2.3.1 The Oversight and Program Integration organization shall:
 - Develop programs and procedures pertaining to training.
 - Establish site indoctrination and training programs and procedures.
 - Ensure that Fluor Fernald technical training and professional development training programs are in compliance with DOE and other regulatory requirements.
 - Ensure the effectiveness of technical training.

2.3.2 Program Support shall:

- Maintain and administer the Training Records System.
- Maintain a file on the training required for each position description based on input from management.

2.3.3 Fluor Fernald Leadership shall:

- Identify and document those work functions requiring special skills and implement training procedures to ensure the adequacy of personnel proficiency for work to be performed; identify minimum education and experience requirements to perform the work; and identify general training topics.
- Identify the operations under their responsibility which must comply with mandatory training requirements and which needs trained, qualified, and certified employees.
- Prepare a training plan for employees, which includes continued training required
 to maintain job proficiency. This should include understanding of processes and
 tools used, limitations on the use and operation of the processes and tools,
 sources of variability, and the limitation to the degree of control over those
 sources of variability.
- Ensure that the required indoctrination, training, and qualification for a specified task are completed prior to employees performing the task.
- Ensure that personnel including subcontractors and temporaries performing work for the organization are suitably qualified to accomplish their assigned tasks.
 Personnel may be qualified by:
 - considering previous experience, education, and training;

- demonstrating and testing to verify previously acquired skills; or completing a training or qualification program.
- 2.3.4 Human Resources Department of the Program Support Organization shall:
 - Develop and maintain position descriptions and associated individual experience and educational records.
 - Perform verification of personnel qualification, education, and experience.
 - Administer the new employee indoctrination program.
 - Maintain a file containing the written job title and written job description for each position at the FEMP.
- 2.3.5 The Human Resources Department and Professional Staffing Section of the Program Support Organization shall:
 - Administer professional development training.
 - Administer professional development programs.
 - Monitor their effectiveness.
- 2.3.6 The Quality Assurance Organization shall:
 - Certify Level III nondestructive examination personnel in Quality Assurance to American Society of Nondestructive Testing (ASNT) standards.
 - Certify Level I & II nondestructive examination personnel by its Level III person(s) to ASNT standards.
 - Qualify auditing personnel.
 - Conduct independent overview of training activities to assure compliance with program requirements.
 - Certify Lead Auditors and maintain records of certification.
- 2.3.7 The Fluor Fernald personnel shall:
 - Attend training as scheduled.
 - Refrain from operating equipment or performing work until proper training has been completed.

3.0 CRITERION 3 - QUALITY IMPROVEMENT

Processes to detect and prevent quality problems shall be established and implemented. Items, services, and processes that do not meet established requirements shall be identified, controlled, and corrected according to the importance of the problem and the work affected. Correction shall include identifying the causes of problems and working to prevent recurrence. Item characteristics, process implementation, and other quality-related information shall be reviewed and the data analyzed to identify items, services, and processes needing improvement.

3.1 SCOPE

This criterion describes the requirements and responsibilities for establishing and implementing processes to detect, control, correct, and prevent quality problems and to promote quality improvement.

3.2 REQUIREMENTS

- 3.2.1 The Fluor Fernald QA Program shall establish and implement processes to detect and prevent quality problems and promote continuous quality improvement. The focus of quality improvement shall be to improve the quality of items and processes.
- 3.2.2 A trend analysis system shall be developed that identifies trends that adversely impact quality and opportunities to improve the quality of items or processes. This analysis shall consider information from external sources and not be limited to one type, one facility, or one contractor.
- 3.2.3 A system shall be established where items, activities, and processes that do not meet specified requirements are identified, controlled, and corrected to prevent their inadvertent test, installation, or use.

Items and processes shall be reviewed by qualified and knowledgeable personnel, and a justification for the disposition shall be documented.

Controls shall provide for the identification, documentation, evaluation, segregation where practical, and disposition of deviations and for notification to affected organizations.

- 3.2.4 The corrective action program shall include the identification of the causes of problems to preclude recurrence.
- 3.2.5 Item characteristics, process implementation, and other quality-related information shall be reviewed and the data analyzed to identify items and processes needing improvement.
- 3.2.6 Leadership, at all levels, will work towards and foster a "no-fault" attitude to encourage the identification of nonconforming items and processes. Leadership will also encourage personnel to identify and promote performance improvement.

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- 3.2.7 Reworked and replacement items and processes shall be inspected and tested in accordance with original requirements. Repaired items and processes shall be inspected and tested in accordance with specified alternatives to original requirements.
- 3.2.8 A process for resolving professional differences of views and opinions shall be established.

3.3 RESPONSIBILITIES

- 3.3.1 Total Quality Management Organization:
 - Develop policy that enhances continuous performance improvement in the quality and productivity of Fluor Fernald services and products.
 - Identify and prioritize key company quality issues.
 - Establish teams to resolve key company quality issues and monitor the team's progress.
 - Encourage employee involvement and cultural changes to effect the changes that are needed to improve Fluor Fernald's quality performance.
 - Promote activities, which recognize employee contributions to continuous performance improvement.
- 3.3.2 The Fluor Fernald Employee Advocate shall:
 - Provide a communication channel from employees directly through the Employee Advocate to the Fluor Fernald President and/or appropriate Fluor Fernald leadership.
 - Review inputs for trends and systemic problems, which require the attention of the Fluor Fernald President and/or appropriate Fluor Fernald leadership.
- 3.3.3 Fluor Fernald leadership is responsible for building a culture in which improvement is continuous and an integral part of the organization. Fluor Fernald leadership shall:
 - Increase Fluor Fernald personnel awareness of the importance of quality.
 - Encourage Fluor Fernald personnel to identify and suggest improvements through the Fernald Employee Suggestion System (FESS).
 - Ensure that items that do not conform to specified requirements are controlled to prevent inadvertent installation or use.
 - Ensure that any condition adverse to quality detected for items within their cognizance are identified, reported, and processed in accordance with established procedures.
 - Determine and specify disposition of the nonconforming condition.

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- Focus upon problem prevention and performance improvement, rather than detecting and reacting to problems after they occur.
- Evaluate and measure processes and performance to identify potential problem areas, identify trends in productivity and quality, apply lessons learned, and develop actions that can be taken to improve performance.
- 3.3.4 The Fluor Fernald personnel shall identify and report any condition adverse to quality to responsible Fluor Fernald leadership in accordance with established procedures.
- All personnel should know how their process contributes to the strategic goals of the 3.3.5 organization.
- 3,3.6 **Quality Assurance Organization shall:**
 - Develop site policies and procedures, which govern the identification, control and disposition of nonconformances and corrective actions.
 - Ensure that personnel document (using the nonconformance process for corrective actions) the significant condition adverse to quality, review the record of evaluation and specified corrective action, and verify the completion of corrective action.
 - Ensure the control of the issuance, resolution, closure and tracking of nonconformances.
 - Ensure that personnel have the authority to tag nonconforming items and ensure segregation to prevent inadvertent test, installation, or use of the items.
- The Contracts and Asset Management Organization shall: 3.3.7
 - Advise requisitioners and subcontract performance inspectors of contractual quality provisions and procedures.
 - Employ the necessary procurement actions to mitigate supplier-caused nonconformances when reported by the requisitioner or performance inspector.
 - Establish a Cost Control System
 - Assure that purchase requisitions are properly executed
- Oversight & Program Integration Organization shall: 3.3.8
 - Provide an overall program planning, scheduling and performance tracking system.
 - Establish and implement a central tracking and commitment control system.

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4.0 CRITERION 4 - DOCUMENTS AND RECORDS

Documents shall be prepared, reviewed, approved, issued, used, and revised to prescribe processes, specify requirements, or establish design. Records shall be specified, prepared, reviewed, approved, and maintained.

4.1 SCOPE

This criterion describes the requirements and responsibilities for establishing and implementing a system for the control of documents and the handling, collection, storage, and control of records generated at the FEMP.

4.2 REQUIREMENTS

- 4.2.1 A system shall be established and implemented to control preparation, review, approval, issuance, use, and revision of documents that establish policies, prescribe work, specify requirements, or establish design. The scope of the document control system shall be defined.
- 4.2.2 Revisions to controlled documents shall be reviewed and approved by the organization that originally reviewed and approved them. An alternative organization may be designated based on technical competence and capability.
- 4.2.3 A system shall be established to ensure that controlled documents are distributed to and used by personnel performing work. Timeliness guidelines shall be implemented for distribution of new or revised controlled documents.
- 4.2.4 Control of superseded and canceled documents shall include measures to ensure that only correct documents are in use. Record copies should be marked "superseded" or "canceled" and kept for a specified retention period. Superseded and canceled controlled documents required for reference must be removed from the field but may be kept in field offices. These documents must be stamped "VOID."
- 4.2.5 A system shall be established for implementation of processes to ensure that records are specified, prepared, legible, reviewed, approved, and maintained to accurately reflect completed work.
- 4.2.6 The maintenance of records shall include provisions for retention, protection, preservation, traceability, accountability, and retrievability. Care shall be taken to ensure that the requirements of the National Archives and Records Administration (NARA), applicable standards, and any additional statuary requirements are met.
- 4.2.7 Evidentiary records shall have appropriate procedures controlling media type, chain of custody, and confidentiality.
- 4.2.8 Records shall not be erased or obliterated when revised. Instead, a single line shall be drawn through errors or items to be deleted. The person making a revision shall initial and date the revision. Changed records must undergo the same review as original quality assurance records. This includes re-review by persons who have reviewed the record prior to the changes.

- 4.2.9 For records that require special processing and control, such as computer codes or information on high density media or optical disks, hardware and software required to maintain and access records shall be controlled to ensure records are useable and readily retrievable.
- 4.2.10 Records containing data used to support CERCLA decision making shall meet the requirements defined in the Sitewide CERCLA Quality Assurance Project Plan. These records shall be contained in the Administrative Record, an official repository for programs and projects aimed at remediation of the FEMP. Contents of the Administrative Record are determined by DOE and are accessible to the public.
- 4.2.11 Changes in automated data entries shall:
 - not obscure the original entry;
 - indicate the reason for change;
 - be flagged as changed;
 - be dated; and
 - Identify the individual making the change.
- 4.2.12 Approval for final disposition of government records shall be obtained from the National Archives and Records Administration (NARA).
- 4.2.13 All records management systems shall have schedules for retention and disposition of records in accordance with the requirements of NARA and DOE 0 200.1.
- 4.3 RESPONSIBILITIES
- 4.3.1 Records Management Department of the Program Support Organization shall:
 - Develop and maintain site policies and procedures to direct the identification and control of records.
 - Operate a record storage vault for the storage of quality assurance records.
- 4.3.2 Program Support Organization shall:
 - Establish and implement site document control system and procedures to implement that system.
 - Ensure historical copies of superseded site documents are maintained.
 - Develop and maintain a system that controls and lists current site documents and their latest revisions.

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4.3.3 Fluor Fernald Leadership shall:

- Implement the QA Program requirements through the use of plans and procedures that satisfy the provisions of this QAP. The process for developing and using plans and procedures and their implementation is outlined in RM-0016, Management Plan. RM-0016 charters all Functional Area Managers to develop plans and procedures to the requirements of their functional areas.
- Utilize the site document control procedures to establish their organization document control system.
- Obtain the required reviews and approvals for documents to be issued.
- Issue documents as controlled procedures.
- Route site organization documents to other interfacing or impacted organizations
 for review and to ensure that the review and comment resolution process is
 completed. Organizations outside the site organization cannot be tasked in, nor
 directly affected by, organizational site documents; that is the sole purview of
 site-level documents.
- Ensure that historical copies of superseded organization documents are maintained in accordance with Fluor Fernald procedures for record storage.
- Identify and control records within their area of responsibility.

4.3.4 Holders of Controlled Documents shall:

- Maintain the latest revision of documents until superseded.
- Verify documents against revisions.
- Dispose of superseded documents to avoid inadvertent use in subsequent work activity.

4.3.5 The Fluor Fernald personnel shall:

- Ensure that correct revisions of documents are used for performing work activities.
- Ensure that records are properly maintained and safeguarded.
- 4.3.6 Engineering Organization shall establish and implement a system for the control and distribution of design documents. This system shall include a master drawing index for all engineering drawings issued, which indicates the most current revision issued for each drawing.

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4.3.7 FEMP Administrative Record Coordinator shall maintain the evidence files for CERCLA decision making as part of the Administrative Record, and maintain files of all other environmental sampling and analysis files which could potentially be used to support future environmental decisions.

4.3.8 Quality Assurance Organization shall:

- Perform surveillances and audits of the document control system(s).
- Assist and guide all Fluor Fernald organizations in generating, handling, storage, management, and dispositioning of Quality Assurance Records.
- Perform surveillances and audits of the control and storage of QA Records system for the FEMP.

FUNCTIONAL CATEGORY B: PERFORMANCE

The Performance Category provides for controlling activities associated with establishing and maintaining the technical requirements for our work that includes provisions for:

- The design and procurement specifications and requirements for testing.
- The control of approved instructions, procedures, drawings, and other appropriate documents.
- The control of processes used in site restoration, environmentally related measurements, handling wastes, and in the construction and maintenance of facilities.
- · Calibration of measuring and test equipment used in these processes to maintain accuracy.
- The receipt of items or items manufactured by Fluor Fernald is identified and controlled to verify they conform to established requirements.
- Handling, storage, and shipping of materials to protect against loss of containment integrity and physical damage.
- Using approved suppliers of purchased material, equipment, and services, which satisfy company requirements.
- Items (i.e., hazardous waste, environmental media, and product) to be monitored, measured, and tested.
- Monitoring and observations of associated processes during construction, operations (including environmental monitoring), and site restoration activities to determine conformance to procedural and technical requirements and to ensure continuous improvement in the quality of all products and services.
- The acceptance status of items subject to inspection and testing is known throughout these operations.

The Performance Category is composed of the following criteria:

- Criterion 5 Work Processes
- Criterion 6 Design
- Criterion 7 Procurement
- Criterion 8 Inspection and Acceptance Testing

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5.0 CRITERION 5 - WORK PROCESSES

Work shall be performed to established technical standards and administrative controls using approved instructions, procedures, or other appropriate means. Items shall be identified and controlled to ensure their proper use. Items shall be maintained to prevent their damage, loss, or deterioration. Equipment used for process monitoring or data collection shall be calibrated and maintained.

5.1 SCOPE

This criterion describes the requirements and responsibilities for the control of processes affecting all work processes. A work process includes all activities involved in performing defined tasks to achieve an objective. Work processes may include activities as planning, scheduling, accounting, project management, design, analysis, fabrication, procurement, construction, installation, testing, operation, modification, maintenance, and decommissioning.

The purpose of work process control is to ensure that standard processes and special processes are accomplished under controlled conditions. These standard processes and special processes include, but are not limited to: waste handling, packaging, certification and shipping; environmental data operations; welding; heat-treating; core drilling; or nondestructive testing.

Items shall be identified and controlled to ensure their proper use. Items shall be maintained to prevent their damage, loss, and deterioration. Equipment used for process monitoring or data collection shall be calibrated and maintained.

5.2 WORK REQUIREMENTS

- 5.2.1 Work related instructions, procedures, and other forms of direction shall be developed, verified, validated and approved by technically competent personnel, and shall be provided to employees doing the work.
- Work shall be performed to established technical standards and administrative controls. Work shall be planned, authorized and accomplished under controlled conditions using technical standards, instructions, procedures, or other appropriate means of detail commensurate with the complexity and importance of the work.
- 5.2.3 Fluor Fernald personnel performing work are responsible for the quality of their work.
- 5.2.4 Fluor Fernald leadership shall review work and related information to ensure that the desired quality is being achieved and to identify areas needing improvement.

5.3 <u>IDENTIFICATION AND CONTROL OF ITEMS REQUIREMENTS</u>

5.3.1 A system shall be established for the implementation of processes to identify, control, and maintain items; control consumables and items with limited shelf life; prevent the use of incorrect or defective items; and control samples.

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5.3.2 A system for the identification and control of items shall be established to ensure their proper use and traceability. Items shall be maintained to prevent their damage, loss, or deterioration.

5.4 HANDLING, STORING AND SHIPPING REQUIREMENTS

- 5.4.1 A system shall be implemented for a process to control the handling, storage, shipping, cleaning, and preservation of items to prevent damage, loss, or deterioration. Marking and labeling of items shall be maintained throughout packaging, shipping, handling, and storage.
- 5.4.2 Requirements for offsite transportation shall be established and implemented. Special protective measures shall be specified and provided when required to maintain acceptable quality.
- 5.4.3 Low-level waste shipments to the Nevada Test Site shall meet the requirements of Nevada Test Site Waste Acceptance Criteria (NTSWAC).
- 5.5 CALIBRATION AND MAINTENANCE OF MONITORING AND DATA COLLECTION EQUIPMENT REQUIREMENTS
- 5.5.1 A system shall be established for the implementation of a process to control the calibration, maintenance, and use of measuring and test equipment used for monitoring and data collection.
- 5.5.2 Monitoring and data collection equipment shall be of the accuracy and type suitable for the intended use. The types of equipment shall be specified in work documents. Equipment shall have calibration certifications traceable to national standards, where possible. Equipment on which calibration is overdue shall be tagged to prevent use until calibrated.

5.6 WORK RESPONSIBILITIES

5.6.1 Project Controls Organization shall:

- Ensure overall program integration activities are implemented.
- Ensure site planning and scheduling activities are completed.
- Perform project budgeting and analysis activities.
- Establish a directive management system.

5.6.2 Fluor Fernald Leadership shall:

- Develop budget and schedules.
- Clearly identify authorities, responsibilities, and interfaces, both internal and external, regarding the work process in appropriate work process documents.
- Ensure that activities affecting quality under their cognizance are prescribed and controlled by instructions, procedures, or drawings.

- Ensure that work done by their organizations is performed to appropriate technical standards or administrative controls.
- Establish policies and procedures for all aspects of work control and performance consistent with applicable DOE orders and other regulations.
- Ensure procedures, instructions, and other work control documents include requirements for process controls and formal qualifications. Work-related forms of direction shall include clearly identifiable caution statements when warranted.
- Establish processes to identify, control, and maintain items; control
 consumables and items with limited shelf life; prevent the use of incorrect or
 defective items; and control samples.
- Conduct a self-evaluation process to monitor performance for use in selfassessment and continuous improvement activities.
- Ensure that employees are provided the necessary training, resources, and direction to perform their work assignments. This includes familiarity with tools, equipment, and quality requirements.
- Ensure that applicable employees are trained to new conditions if the work process is changed.
- 5.6.3 Fluor Fernald Leadership should include personnel performing a process in process improvement activities.
- 5.6.4 The Fluor Fernald personnel shall:
 - Perform work to approved requirement documents (e.g., plans, procedures, drawings, and specifications).
 - Perform work in a sequence consistent with the prerequisite activities.
 - Perform work with the proper tools and equipment.
- 5.6.5 The Fluor Fernald personnel should set goals for doing the work correctly the first time and contribute to improved work processes.
- 5.6.6 The Quality Assurance Organization shall:
 - Inspect work activities and implementing documents to ensure compliance with specified requirements.
 - Provide QA inputs into planning of site project work plans.
 - Perform reviews, surveillances, assessments, and audits of work activities and implementing documents to ensure compliance to specified programmatic requirements.

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5.7 IDENTIFICATION AND CONTROL OF ITEMS RESPONSIBILITIES

5.7.1 Fluor Fernald Organizations shall:

- Specify methods and requirements for identifying environmental samples and other items.
- Assign custody authority for environmental samples.

5.7.2 Quality Assurance Organization shall:

- Review work and procurement documents for item identification provisions.
- Verify that identification has been applied to items in accordance with specified requirements.

5.8 HANDLING, STORING AND SHIPPING RESPONSIBILITIES

5.8.1 Fluor Fernald Organizations shall:

- Ensure procedures are established for controlling the handling, storage, shipment, and disposal of radioactive and hazardous waste material including chain-of-custody, travelers, and other measures necessary to control environmental samples, drums, and other containers of waste.
- Implement chain-of-custody procedures for controlling the handling, storage, shipping, and disposal of environmental samples. These procedures for environmental samples shall be taken from the SCQ (as approved by the DOE and EPA).
- Include handling, shipping, and storage requirements in equipment specifications, drawings, and procurement documents, as applicable. Items shall be maintained to prevent their damage, loss, or deterioration.

5.8.2 The Nevada Test Site (NTS) Compliance Organization shall:

- Verify the acceptability of the processes to ensure handling, storage, shipping, cleaning and preservation of items.
- Verify the acceptability, marking, and content of each waste package.
- Certify low-level waste shipments.
- Examine highway transport vehicles used for off-site hazardous waste shipments.
- Review work and procurement documents to assure that provisions for item identification are specified.

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5.8.3 The Quality Assurance Organization shall:

 Plan and perform audits and surveillances, including the verification of compliance with sitewide requirements for interim storage of hazardous wastes.

5.9 CALIBRATION AND MAINTENANCE OF MONITORING AND DATA COLLECTION EQUIPMENT RESPONSIBILITIES

5.9.1 Fluor Fernald Organizations shall:

- Identify devices, which require calibration.
- Establish systems to calibrate such devices. Calibration of equipment for environmental sampling shall be in accordance with the SCO (as approved by DOE and EPA).
- Establish a system to control the use of such devices.

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6.0 CRITERION 6 - DESIGN

Items and processes shall be designed using sound engineering/scientific principles and appropriate standards. Design work, including changes, shall incorporate applicable requirements and design bases. Design interfaces shall be identified and controlled. The adequacy of design products shall be verified or validated by individuals or groups other than those who performed the work. Verification and validation work shall be completed before approval and implementation of the design.

6.1 SCOPE

This criterion describes the requirements and responsibilities for the implementation of a formal design control process. Design work is based on sound engineering/scientific principles and appropriate standards. The requirements of this criterion apply to all organizations that perform design or are responsible for design performed by contractors or subcontractors.

6.2 REQUIREMENTS

6.2.1 A program for the design of items and processes shall be established and implemented using sound engineering/scientific principles and appropriate standards.

A formal design process shall be established which provides control of design inputs, outputs, verification, configuration and design changes, documentation, records, and technical administrative interfaces.

The administrative interface process shall clearly indicate responsibilities for design output document activities including as-built mark-up and updating during project construction/production phases, media use and transmission, document control, and records management.

6.2.2 Design inputs (such as the design bases) are to be correctly translated into design outputs (such as specifications, drawings, procedures, and instructions).

Design outputs are to be suitable for intended use. Aspects critical to the safety or reliability of the designed Systems, Structures, and Components shall be identified during the design phase.

Systems, Structures, and Components important to safety shall be subject to more stringent operational criteria and verification requirements than those not important to safety.

6.2.3 Changes to final designs (including nonconforming items that are dispositioned "use as is" or "repair") are to be subjected to design control measures commensurate with those applied to the original design and approved by the organization that approved the original design or a qualified designate.

Temporary modifications shall receive the same levels of control as the designs of permanent modifications.

- 6.2.4 Design interface controls (internal and external between participating design organizations and across technical disciplines) for the purpose of developing, reviewing, approving, releasing, distributing, and revising design inputs and outputs are to be defined.
- 6.2.5 Design records, maintained to provide evidence that the design was properly accomplished, are to include not only the final design output and revisions to the final output, but also the important design steps (calculations, analyses, and computer programs, for example) and the sources of input that support the final output.
- 6.2.6 The acceptability of design activities and documents, including design inputs, processes, outputs, and changes, are to be verified.

Design verification is a formal documented process to establish that the resulting Systems, Structures, and Components will be fit for the intended use.

Computer programs are to be proven through previous use, or verified through testing or simulation prior to use.

- 6.2.7 The data collection process for characterizing environmental processes and conditions shall be defined, controlled, verified, and documented.
- 6.2.8 Design verifications are to be conducted by qualified personnel who are knowledgeable of the design and its intent. These personnel may be from the same organization, but must not be those who performed the original design.

The extent and number of design verifications shall be based on a graded approach and shall depend on the design product's complexity and importance to project success.

6.2.9 Design verification methods are to include, but are not limited to, technical reviews, peer reviews, alternate calculation, and qualification testing.

Separate verification may not be needed for multiple uses of identical or previously proved designs, unless they are intended for different applications or the performance criteria are different.

- 6.2.10 When a test program is used to verify the acceptability of a specific design feature, the test program is to demonstrate acceptable performance under conditions that simulate the most adverse design conditions that are expected to be encountered.
- 6.2.11 Design verification and validation work shall be completed and documented before approval and implementation of the design outputs are used by other organizations for design work and before they are used to support other activities such as procurement, fabrication, construction, or experimentation.

When timing cannot be achieved, the unverified portion of the design shall be identified and controlled. In all cases, design verifications shall be completed before relying on the Systems, Structures, and Components to perform its function and before installation becomes irreversible.

6.2.12 Changes to computer software shall be controlled to assess the potential impact of the change on the performance of the software.

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6.2.13 As-built drawings and shop drawings shall be maintained after production or construction to show actual configuration.

6.3 RESPONSIBILITIES

6.3.1 The Project Engineering Organization shall:

 Implement a formal design program to ensure that engineered systems are designed using sound engineering/scientific principles. This program is to include provisions to control design inputs, processes, outputs, changes, interfaces, records, and organization interfaces.

Designs shall provide for appropriate inspection, testing, and maintenance to ensure continuing reliability and safety of the Systems, Structures, and Components. Inspections and tests shall be conducted according to a graded approach.

The design shall consider the expected use and life expectancy of the Systems, Structures, and Components in order to address appropriate disassembly and disposal requirements.

- Plan, coordinate, and document design of engineered systems used in protecting human health, safety, and the environment.
- Incorporate quality-affecting design requirements in design documents, such as drawings, specifications, and test procedures.
- Coordinate and interface with organizations required to participate in the design process.
- Assign responsibility for determining technical correctness of inputs and translations into design documents.
- Assure the status of each Safe Shutdown program is included in documents.

6.3.2 The Quality Assurance Organization shall:

- Review design documents to ensure that quality attributes are specified and that design control procedures have been followed.
- Provide QA system requirements into design documents.
- Inspect to design specifications.
- Perform surveillances and audits to verify that the design process meets established requirements.

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7.0 CRITERION 7 - PROCUREMENT

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Procured items and services shall meet established requirements and perform as specified. Prospective suppliers shall be evaluated and selected on the basis of specified criteria. Processes to ensure that approved suppliers continue to provide acceptable items and services shall be established and implemented.

Revision 5

7.1 SCOPE

This criterion describes the requirements and responsibilities for the preparation, review, and control of procurement documents. It also specifies the requirements and responsibilities for the control of purchased material, equipment, and services.

7.2 REQUIREMENTS

7.2.1 A program shall be established and implemented to ensure that purchased items and services meet established requirements and perform as expected.

The applicable requirements of 10 CFR Part 830.120, Quality Assurance Requirements, and of this *QAP* shall be applied to suppliers and subcontractors who perform work under the prime cognizance of Fluor Fernald or work that affects the responsibility of Fluor Fernald.

7.2.2 Applicable technical and administrative requirements (such as specifications, codes, standards, tests and inspections, and acceptance criteria) shall be invoked for procurement of items and services.

Procurement documents shall include any specifications, standards, and other documents referred to by the design documents. Procurement documents shall clearly state test/inspection requirements and acceptance criteria for purchased items and services.

Critical parameters and requirements such as submittals, product-related documentation, nonconformance requirements, administrative documentation, personnel or materials qualification, tests, inspections, and reviews shall be specified as line items.

- 7.2.3 Appropriate controls shall be established and implemented for the selection, determination of suitability, evaluation, and receipt of commercial-grade items to ensure that commercial-grade items perform as expected.
- 7.2.4 Prospective suppliers are to be evaluated to ensure that only qualified suppliers are selected. The prospective suppliers shall be evaluated to verify their capabilities to meet performance and schedule requirements.

Measures for evaluating and selecting suppliers may include:

- a review of the supplier's history for providing identical or similar items or services;
- an assessment of the supplier's capability based on evaluation of its facilities, personnel, and programs; or

- an evaluation of documented qualitative and quantitative information provided by the supplier.
- 7.2.5 Procurement of laboratory subcontractors for analyzing environmental samples shall be strictly controlled. Only laboratories that have a demonstrated capability to provide the level of data quality required for a program or project shall be contracted.
- 7.2.6 The qualified suppliers are to be evaluated periodically to confirm their continuing capabilities to provide acceptable products and services. Required supplier monitoring shall be performed during the procurement process to ensure that acceptable items or services and schedule requirements are being met.

Monitoring may include:

- surveillance of work activities;
- inspection of facilities and processes;
- review of plans and progress reports;
- processing of change information; and
- review and disposition of nonconformances.
- 7.2.7 Purchased items and services are to be accepted using specified methods (such as source verification, receipt inspection, pre-installation and post-installation tests, and certificates of conformance, or a combination of these methods).
- 7.2.8 Before an item is used or placed in service, procurement, inspection, and test requirements are to be satisfied.
- 7.2.9 The procurement system shall include provisions for inspections. Requirements for inspections shall be obtained from design documents. Inspections shall be adequate to ensure conformance with purchase requirements including verifying that specified documentation has been provided by the supplier. The inspections shall verify that items were not damaged during shipment.

Inspection may include the following methods: -

- inspections of materials or equipment at the supplier's plant;
- receipt inspection of the shipped items;
- review of objective evidence such as certifications and reports and;
- verification of testing of items prior to or following shipment.

- 7.2.10 The actual performance of items is to be compared with original performance criteria.

 User group surveys, supplier evaluations, inspection and test results, and performance data are to be reviewed to determine procurement effectiveness.
- 7.2.11 The quality of purchased items and services is to be verified at intervals and to a level consistent with the complexity, risk, quantity, and procurement frequency of the items or services. A graded approach, as specified in Attachment 3 Graded Approach for Quality Levels, shall be used to ensure that the resources applied are commensurate with the importance of the result to the achievement of site goals.
- 7.2.12 Verifications are to be executed in all phases of procurement. This may require verification of suppliers below the first tier.
- 7.2.13 The nonconformance and corrective action process shall address a formalized process to document occurrences when purchased items or services do not meet specifications.
- 7.2.14 In cases where there are indications that suppliers knowingly supplied items or services of substandard quality, Fluor Fernald shall report the information to the DOE Office of Inspector General.
- 7.2.15 Supplier generated documents shall be accepted through the procurement system and controlled and processed by the end-user organization according to the provisions of Criterion 4 (Document and Records).

These documents may include certificates of conformance, drawings, analyses, test reports, maintenance, data, nonconformances, corrective actions, approved changes, waivers, and deviations.

7.3 RESPONSIBILITIES

7.3.1 Contracts and Asset Management Organization shall establish and implement a management system to ensure that the procurement process is documented and controlled and that procured items and services conform to established specifications.

This process shall provide for the following, as appropriate: procurement source evaluation and selection, evaluation of objective evidence of quality furnished by the supplier, source inspections, supplier audits, and examination of deliverables.

- 7.3.2 Fluor Fernald Requisitioners shall identify, control, and implement procurement activities to ensure adequate quality (including listing the quality level in procurement documents) and to ensure that procured items and services conform to established specifications.
- 7.3.3 Contractors and Suppliers shall meet quality requirements for work performed or for items and services provided by their subcontractors and suppliers.

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7.3.4 Quality Assurance Organization shall:

- Review procurement documents for incorporation of quality assurance requirements.
- Evaluate potential supplier's QA Program, procedure documents, and QA record submittals for concurrence with quality requirements.
- Participate with Procurement in supplier evaluations.
- Verify that purchased items and services meet procurement requirements (e.g., receipt inspection).
- Perform source inspections and reviews.
- Perform supplier/vendor/subcontractor audits.
- Perform supplier/vendor/subcontractor surveillances

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8.0 CRITERION 8 - INSPECTION AND ACCEPTANCE TESTING

Inspection and testing of specified items, services, and processes shall be conducted using established acceptance and performance criteria. Equipment used for inspections and tests shall be calibrated and maintained.

8.1 SCOPE

This criterion describes requirements and responsibilities for performing inspection and acceptance testing. Inspection and acceptance testing of specified items and processes shall use established acceptance and performance criteria and require calibration and maintenance of equipment used for inspections and tests.

Inspections and acceptance tests shall be conducted according to a graded approach. Results of these activities shall be documented and retained as project records.

8.2 INSPECTION REQUIREMENTS

8.2.1 A program shall be established and implemented to specify when and what type of inspections (e.g., source, in process, final receipt, maintenance, and in-service) are required.

Administrative controls and status indicators are to be used to preclude inadvertent bypassing of required inspections and to prevent inadvertent operation of the item.

- 8.2.2 The level of inspection and degree of independence of inspection personnel shall be based on risk and complexity. Inspections and tests shall be conducted according to a graded approach.
- 8.2.3 Provisions shall be established to ensure that inspection planning is properly accomplished. Planning activities are to identify item characteristics and processes to be inspected, the inspection techniques, the acceptance criteria, and the organization responsible for performing the inspection.

Systems, Structures, and Components requiring inspection/test are to be identified early in the design phase. Acceptance parameters and other requirements such as inspection/test equipment or qualified inspection/test personnel shall be specified in design documents.

The types of Systems, Structures, and Components and the length of time they are to remain in storage shall be considered when generating the inspection or test plan.

- 8.2.4 When appropriate, inspection hold points shall be defined beyond which work is not to proceed until inspection has been completed.
- 8.2.5 When acceptance criteria are not met, nonconformances are to be documented, resolved, and corrected areas are to be reinspected.

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- 8.2.6 Inspection/test documentation shall contain provisions for the following as applicable:
 - identification of characteristics to be examined;
 - required qualifications of individuals who perform the examination;
 - a description of the examination methods including equipment and calibration requirements;
 - acceptance and rejection criteria;
 - suitable environmental conditions;
 - required safety measures; and
 - mandatory hold points, when required.
- 8.2.7 Inspection/test results shall be evaluated and verified by authorized personnel to document that all requirements have been satisfied.
- 8.2.8 Records shall identify the following as applicable:
 - item tested;
 - date of test;
 - tester or data tester;
 - observations;
 - results and acceptability; and
 - action taken concerning any nonconformances noted.

8.3 ACCEPTANCE TESTING REQUIREMENTS

- 8.3.1 A test control program shall be established as required and implemented for acceptance testing to demonstrate that items will perform as intended. The test control program is to include, as appropriate, bench tests and proof tests before installation, preoperational tests, post-maintenance tests, post-modification tests, and operational tests all based on a graded approach.
- 8.3.2 The testing program may be implemented by or for the organization performing the work to be tested. When an organization that installed the work performs its own testing, personnel within that organization are not to test their own work for acceptance unless a third-party verification from a qualified third party is obtained, where applicable.

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- 8.3.3 The criterion that specifies when testing is required shall be defined. Administrative controls and status indicators, such as tags and labels, are to be used to preclude inadvertent bypassing of required tests and to prevent inadvertent operation of the item.
- 8.3.4 Organizations shall ensure that test procedures are developed and include instructions and prerequisites to perform the test, test article configuration, use of test equipment, acceptance criteria, inspection hold points as required, and provisions of recording test data and its review for completeness and accuracy of the results.
- 8.3.5 When acceptance criteria are not met, corrected areas are to be retested, after being corrected, to original requirements.

8.4 ENVIRONMENTAL TESTING REQUIREMENTS

- 8.4.1 Chemical, Radiochemical, Geotechnical, and Asbestos analyses and tests in support of environmental studies shall meet the requirements specified in the SCQ (as approved by DOE and EPA).
- 8.4.2 Data collected for environmental projects shall be validated at the appropriate Analytical Support Level (ASL) in accordance with the requirements of the SCQ (as approved by DOE and EPA) prior to use.

8.5 MEASURING AND TEST EQUIPMENT REQUIREMENTS

- 8.5.1 A program shall be established and implemented to control the calibration, maintenance, accountability, and use of equipment used for acceptance of items during inspection and testing.
- 8.5.2 The types of equipment covered by the program (such as instruments, tools, gages, reference and transfer standards, and nondestructive examination equipment) are to be defined.
- 8.5.3 Measuring and test equipment is to be calibrated at specified intervals (or immediately before or after use) on the basis of the item's required accuracy, intended use, frequency of use, stability characteristics, and other conditions affecting its performance.
 - When applicable, measuring and test equipment shall be calibrated to standards traceable to the National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST).
- 8.5.4 Measuring and test equipment is to be labeled, tagged, or otherwise controlled to indicate its calibration status and ensure traceability to calibration data.
 - Documentation showing traceability to standards shall be maintained for each piece of measuring and test equipment.

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- 8.5.5 Measuring and test equipment is to be calibrated against standards having an accuracy that will ensure that the equipment being calibrated will be within required tolerances. If nationally recognized standards exist, calibration standards are to be traceable to them. Except where calibration standards with the same accuracy as the instruments being calibrated are shown to be adequate for the requirements, calibration standards are to have a greater accuracy than the standards being calibrated.
- 8.5.6 Measuring and test equipment found out of calibration shall be tagged or segregated and not used until it is recalibrated. The acceptability of items measured, inspected, or tested with an out of calibration device is to be determined.

8.6 RESPONSIBILITIES

8.6.1 Leadership of applicable Fluor Fernald Organizations:

- Establish and implement procedures or identify standards for inspections and acceptance testing of engineered systems, components, or parts according to the design specifications and planning requirements.
- Establish and implement procedures to ensure that measuring and test equipment is of the proper type, range, and accuracy, and is properly calibrated, maintained, and used according to design specifications.
- Identify measuring and test equipment which require calibration. Identify applicable standards for the calibration requirements. Documentation showing traceability to standards shall be maintained for each piece of measuring and test equipment.
- Establish chemical analysis controls for the test and examination services provided to support site restoration, environmental monitoring, and health programs.
- Ensure personnel perform the test, record data, and implement corrective action for nonconforming conditions.
- Prevent inadvertent use of nonconforming materials.

8.6.2 Fluor Fernald personnel shall:

- Check items supplied to their work process to ascertain that items are correct and suitable for use.
- Implement procedures for inspection and acceptance activities to ensure that items and services meet established requirements
- Ensure that measuring and test equipment used is calibrated, maintained, and conforms to established specifications.

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- 8.6.3 The Quality Assurance Organization shall:
 - Review and approve test procedures.
 - Prepare and issue inspection plans.
 - Perform in-process and final inspections.
 - Verify tests.
 - Review inspection plans for construction, restoration, waste handling, and site supporting activities as part of independent overview activities.
 - Provide independent verification of compliance to test requirements.
 - Ensure nonconformances are resolved.
- 8.6.4 Project organizations shall prepare test procedures, designate test acceptance criteria, monitor test performance, and evaluate test results.

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FUNCTIONAL CATEGORY C: ASSESSMENT

The Assessment Category provides for periodic assessment of the QA Program to determine its effectiveness and to promote quality improvement. This category:

- · Describes the organizational freedom and authority of the QA organization.
- Includes provisions for the qualification of persons conducting assessments.
- Provides for the auditing of operations, systematic handling of nonconforming conditions, and learning through corrective actions, trending, and root cause analyses.

The Assessment Category is composed of the following criteria:

- · Criterion 9 Management Assessment
- · Criterion 10 Independent Assessment

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9.0 CRITERION 9 - MANAGEMENT ASSESSMENT

Managers shall assess their management processes. Problems that hinder the organization from achieving its objectives shall be identified and corrected.

9.1 SCOPE

This criterion describes the requirements and responsibilities for regularly assessing and documenting the adequacy and effectiveness of the integrated management system in providing the framework for Fluor Fernald's achieving its mission and objectives.

All levels of Fluor Fernald leadership are required to periodically assess the integrated management system and its performance, and to identify and correct problems that hinder the organization from achieving its quality objectives.

These management assessments should focus on whether the integrated management system is accomplishing the goal of continuous improvement of the safety and reliability of products and services to effectively meet the expectations of external and internal customers.

9.2 REQUIREMENTS

- 9.2.1 A program of planned and periodic management assessments shall be established and implemented. Implementation of the program is to focus on how well the integrated management system is working by identifying barriers which hinder the organization from achieving its objectives in accordance with quality, safety, and environmental requirements.
- 9.2.2 Management assessments shall be conducted in accordance with a plan, and should focus on management elements that affect work processes, such as strategic planning, organizational interfaces, cost control, use of performance indicators, staff training and qualifications, and supervisory oversight and support.

Effective management assessments should also assess such areas as the state of employee knowledge, motivation, and morale; the amount of mutual trust and communication among workers; the existence of an atmosphere of creativity and improvement; and the adequacy of human and material resources.

Direct observation of work is a particularly effective method of management assessment, because it places the assessor in the position to become aware of all interactions at a work location.

Other methods of assessment, which are most effective when combined with work observation, include interviews of personnel, reviews of documentation, and conduct of drill or exercises.

9.2.3 Implementation of the Management Assessment Program may be delegated in part, but Fluor Fernald leadership is to retain overall responsibility for the program. Direct participation by Fluor Fernald leadership is essential, but the process should involve Fluor Fernald senior leadership as well.

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9.2.4 Management assessment results are to be documented. Management/leadership is to take prompt action and document resulting decisions in response to recommendations, which result from the management assessment process. Follow-up is to include an evaluation of the effectiveness of recommended actions.

9.3 RESPONSIBILITIES

- 9.3.1 Fluor Fernald Leadership shall:
 - Conduct annual assessments of performance based on compliance and performance data from internal evaluations and independent assessments.
 - Take prompt action and document resulting decisions in response to recommendations, which result from the management assessment process.
- 9.3.2 Fluor Fernald's Executive Program Leads shall:
 - Conduct an overall assessment of Fluor Fernald performance using results from the individual organization assessment activities.
 - Monitor and guide those organizations responsible for corrective action.
- 9.3.3 Fluor Fernald's Employee Advocate shall provide the Fluor Fernald President and/or other appropriate Fluor Fernald leadership representatives with direct information from Fluor Fernald personnel and with trend analysis to augment the other management assessment methods.

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10.0 CRITERION 10 - INDEPENDENT ASSESSMENT

Independent assessments shall be planned and conducted to measure item and service quality, to measure the adequacy of work performance, and to promote improvement. The group performing independent assessments shall have sufficient authority and freedom from the line to carry out its responsibilities. Persons conducting independent assessments shall be technically qualified and knowledgeable in the areas assessed.

10.1 SCOPE

This criterion describes the requirements and responsibilities for the implementation of an independent assessment program. The Fluor Fernald independent assessment program evaluates the adequacy and effectiveness of activities for compliance with applicable requirements.

The independent assessment process should use a performance-based approach with emphasis on results and with compliance viewed as the baseline. Assessments should be conducted on activities that most directly relate to final objectives and should emphasize safety, reliability, and product performance. Independent assessments may include such methods as inspections, peer and technical reviews, audits, surveillances, or combinations thereof.

10.2 REQUIREMENTS

10.2.1 A program for the planning and performance of independent assessments shall be established and implemented. The Fluor Fernald Oversight and Program Integration Organization shall be primarily responsible for sitewide independent assessments.

As such, the Oversight and Program Integration Organization Program Leader reports directly to the President of Fluor Fernald, and has no responsibilities regarding the achievement of Fluor Fernald objectives which would affect the Oversight and Program Integration leadership or the organization's independence.

Implementation shall focus on improving items and processes by emphasizing line organization's achievement of quality in compliance to environmental, safety, and health requirements.

- 10.2.2 Personnel performing independent assessments are to monitor work performance, identify non-compliance activities and other abnormal performance and precursors of potential problems, identify opportunities for improvement, document and report results to a level of Fluor Fernald leadership having the authority to effect corrective action, and verify satisfactory resolution of problems.
- 10.2.3 Personnel performing independent assessments shall have the necessary technical knowledge to accurately observe and evaluate activities being assessed and to focus on improving the quality of the processes that lead to achieving compliance to environmental, safety and health, and remediation requirements.
- 10.2.4 Personnel performing independent assessment are not to have direct responsibilities in the area they are assessing.

- 10.2.5 Independent assessments shall be conducted using criteria that address environmental, safety and health, and remediation requirements. The assessments shall also describe acceptable work performance and promote improvement. They shall include an evaluation to determine whether technical requirements, not just procedural compliance, are being met.
- 10.2.6 Scheduling of assessments and allocation of resources shall be based on status, risk, and complexity of the item or process being assessed. Scheduling shall be flexible and additional attention shall be given to areas of questionable performance.
- 10.2.7 Assessment results (including identified nonconformances) shall be tracked for resolution. These assessment results shall be evaluated to determine whether similar nonconformances exist elsewhere.
- 10.2.8 Assessment findings shall be resolved by Fluor Fernald leadership having responsibility in the area assessed.
- 10.2.9 Follow-up reviews of nonconforming areas shall be conducted to verify corrective actions have been implemented and shall validate the corrective actions by measuring their effectiveness.
- 10.2.10 Fluor Fernald leadership shall respond to assessments and include the following, as applicable: action to correct the nonconformance; root cause identification; actions taken to prevent recurrence; lessons learned; and actions to be taken for improvement.

10.3 RESPONSIBILITIES

- 10.3.1 The Quality Assurance Organization shall:
 - Perform an overview of quality inspection activities.
 - Document and provide activity reports to line and staff leadership.
 - Identify promptly and address, as soon as practical, conditions needing corrective actions.
 - Establish and implement independent assessments that include surveillances, appraisals, reviews, and audits.
 - Document and provide activity reports to line and staff leadership.
 - Identify promptly and address, as soon as practical, conditions needing corrective actions.
 - Perform follow-up actions to verify implementation and effectiveness of response actions.

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10.3.2 Other Fluor Fernald Organizations shall:

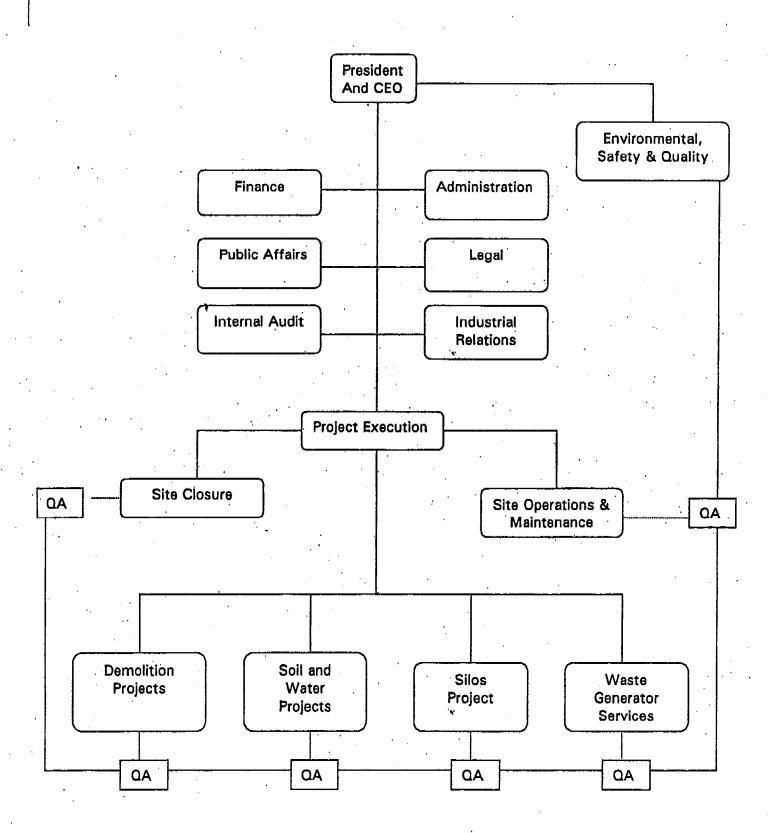
- Grant access to records, facilities, and work areas for all Fluor Fernald Independent Assessment auditors and surveillance personnel, as well as DOE and EPA assessors.
- Establish and implement independent assessments, when required, that include inspections, surveillances, tests, and reviews.
- Document and report, when performed, independent assessment results to line leadership.
- Identify promptly and address as soon as practical conditions needing corrective actions.
- Perform follow-up actions to verify implementation and effectiveness of the response action (including prevention of recurrence).
- Track identified action items for resolution and evaluates to determine whether similar nonconformances exist elsewhere.

10.3.3 Fluor Fernald Leadership shall:

- Identify and determine the root cause and extent of significant conditions adverse to quality.
- Provide the response to identified nonconformances.
- Take action to prevent recurrence.
- 10.3.4 Personnel performing assessments should focus on improving output quality and process effectiveness by emphasizing continuous improvement requirements.

 Assessment personnel should not reinterpret or redefine the requirements specified in approved programs. The assessors' responsibilities include:
 - evaluating work performance and process effectiveness;
 - identifying abnormal performance and potential problems;
 - finding opportunities for improvements;
 - documenting and reporting results; and
 - verifying satisfactory resolutions of reported problems.

ATTACHMENT 1
FLUOR FERNALD ORGANIZATION CHART*



ATTACHMENT 2 ABBREVIATIONS, ACRONYMS, AND DEFINITIONS (Page 1 of 8)

10 CFR PART 830.120 - Code of Federal Regulations "Quality Assurance Requirements"

Accuracy - The closeness of a measured value to the accepted true value.

<u>Activity</u> - any program, project, or operation undertaken to plan, manage, integrate, or execute an environmental assessment, remedial design, remedial action, technology development, base function, or decontamination and decommissioning action.

<u>Administrative Controls</u> - Provisions relating to organization and management procedures, record keeping, assessment, and reporting necessary to ensure safe operation of a facility. (10 CFR 830).

Amended Consent Agreement - The modified Consent Agreement signed in September 1991 which includes the renegotiation framework and schedules for developing, implementing, and monitoring appropriate response actions at the FEMP and to facilitate cooperation, exchange of information and participation of the U.S. EPA and the U.S. DOE in such actions.

ANSI - American National Standards Institute

Appraisal - A documented objective and independent evaluation of Safety & Health activities within a functional area done according to written guidance and criteria to verify that applicable elements of the performing organization's program are significant, are adhered to, and add value to the overall process according to specific departmental requirements and needs. Other criteria affecting the evaluation of an appraised activity include the adequacy, implementation, and efficiency of the activity.

Appraisals differ from audits in that they are limited to Safety & Health activities and the documented evaluation addresses additional topics to verify that applicable elements of the performing organization's program are significant and add value to the overall process according to specific departmental requirements and needs and also the efficiency of the activity.

ASME - American Society of Mechanical Engineers

ASNT - American Society for Nondestructive Testing

Assessment/Verification - The act of reviewing, inspecting, testing, checking, conducting surveillances, auditing, or otherwise determining and documenting whether items, processes, or services meet specified requirements. The terms assessment and verification are synonymous; their use is determined by who is performing the work. Assessments are performed by or for senior management. Verifications are performed by the line organization.

<u>Audit</u> - A planned and documented activity systematically performed to determine by investigation, examination, or evaluation of objective evidence the quality of operation of some function or activity. Audits may be of two basic types: (1) performance audits in which quantitative data are independently obtained for comparison with routinely obtained data in a measurement system, or (2) system audits of a qualitative nature that consists of an on-site review of the quality assurance system and physical facilities for sampling, calibration, and measurement.

ATTACHMENT 2 ABBREVIATIONS, ACRONYMS, AND DEFINITIONS (Page 2 of 8)

External Audit (Audit by an Outside Organization) - A formal examination (of FEMP activities) planned and conducted by an organization other than the FEMP, such as DOE. This includes their Technical Safety Appraisals (TSA), Management Appraisals, and Functional Appraisals.

Internal Audit - The Internal Audit organization provides an independent audit function at the Fernald Environmental Management Project (FEMP). Internal Audit is responsible for serving Fluor Fernald and DOE management through periodic examination and evaluation of various activities at FEMP, including the adequacy and effectiveness of internal control systems; the quality and efficiency of performance; the allowability of costs; and compliance with DOE directives, regulations, and guidelines. Internal Audit's function is to perform timely, quality audits that examine the financial and operational nature of Fluor Fernald activities.

Internal Independent Audit - A formal examination and evaluation of a Fluor Fernald organization's activities by the Fluor Fernald Independent Assessment (IA) Organization to determine the status and assess the adequacy and effectiveness of the implementation of Fluor Fernald procedures and compliance to requirements.

<u>Supplier Audit</u> - An audit of the OA Program activities of suppliers of materials and services to the FEMP. Included within this definition are the contractor(s) performing remediation and/or restoration services and the contractor(s) performing architect/engineer services.

CFR - Code of Federal Regulations

Chain-of-Custody - A procedural sequence of events which tracks sample custody or possession. A sample is considered in custody if it is in an authorized person's possession; locked so that no one can tamper with it; after having been in physical custody; and/or in a secured area, restricted to authorized personnel.

<u>Comparability</u> - A measure which expresses the confidence with which one data set can be compared to another. Comparability for a program is achieved by ensuring that all sampling and analysis use specified uniform procedures.

<u>Completeness</u> - A measure of the amount of valid data obtained from a measurement system compared to the amount that was expected to be obtained under normal conditions.

Compliance - Adherence to mandatory regulatory orders and directives.

Compliance Activity - A specific activity identified during the review of the QA Rule and Safety Guide which is required to implement a particular section or requirement of the QA Rule.

ATTACHMENT 2 (ABBREVIATIONS, ACRONYMS, AND DEFINITIONS (Page 3 of 8)

Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability Act (CERCLA) - An act enabling the EPA to investigate and clean up abandoned or uncontrolled hazardous waste sites.

Computer Program - A sequence of instructions suitable for processing by a computer. Processing may include the use of an assembler, a compiler, an interpreter, or a translator to prepare the program for execution as well as to execute it. Computer programs impacted by the Fluor Fernald QA Program are those used for design analysis, process or operations control, or data base or document control registers when used as the controlled source of quality information.

Condition Adverse to Quality - An all-inclusive term used in reference to any of the following failures, malfunctions, deficiencies, defective items, and nonconformance. A <u>significant</u> condition adverse to quality is one which, if uncorrected, could have a serious effect on safety or operability.

Consent Agreement (CA) - The Consent Agreement is an agreement between the U.S. EPA and DOE: (1) To ensure the environmental impacts associated with the past and present activities at FEMP are thoroughly investigated and appropriate response actions(s) taken are necessary to protect the public health, welfare, and the environment. (2) To establish a procedural framework and schedule for developing, implementing, and monitoring appropriate response action at FEMP in accordance with CERCLA, the National Contingency Plan, and EPA Superfund guidance and policy; and (3) To facilitate cooperation, exchange of information and participation between the parties involved.

<u>Contractor</u> - Any person under contract with the Department of Energy with responsibility to perform activities in connection with a nuclear facility (10 CFR 830).

<u>Controlled Document</u> - Any document for which distribution and status are to be kept current by the issuer in order to ensure that authorized holders or users of the document have available the most up-to-date version for accomplishment of work action.

Corrective Action - Measures taken to rectify significant conditions adverse to quality and, where necessary, to preclude repetition.

<u>Data Quality</u> - The totality of features and characteristics of data that bears on the data's ability to satisfy a stated purpose. The characteristics of major importance are accuracy, precision, completeness, representativeness, comparability, traceability, and authenticity.

<u>Design</u> - Specifications, drawings, design criteria, and performance requirements. Also the results of deliberate planning, analysis, mathematical manipulations, and engineering processes.

Deviation - A departure from specified requirements.

<u>Document</u> - Any written or pictorial information describing, defining, specifying, reporting, or certifying activities, requirements, procedures, or results. A document is not considered to be a Quality Assurance Record until it satisfies the definition of a Quality Assurance Record as defined in this Attachment.

ATTACHMENT 2 ABBREVIATIONS, ACRONYMS, AND DEFINITIONS (Page 4 of 8)

DOE - U.S. Department of Energy

DOE O 414.1A - DOE Order entitled "Quality Assurance"

DOE O 231.1 - DOE Order entitled "Environment, Safety and Health Reports"

<u>Environmental Compliance</u> - Adherence to those requirements established by DOE Orders and Federal and State Regulatory Agencies that address environmental protection of the FEMP and environs.

Environmentally Related Measurements - A term used to describe essentially all field and laboratory measurement of chemical, physical, or biological parameters in the environment; determining the presence or absence of priority pollutants in waste streams; health and ecological effect studies; clinical and epidemiological investigations; engineering and process evaluations; studies involving laboratory simulation of environmental events; and studies or measurements of pollutant transport, including diffusion models.

EPA - U.S. Environmental Protection Agency

FEMP - Fernald Environmental Management Project

FDF - Fluor-Daniel Fernald

FMPC - Feed Materials Production Center (now the FEMP)

Graded Approach - a process by which the level of analysis, documentation, and actions necessary to comply with a requirement in this part are commensurate with:

- (1) The relative importance to safety, safeguards, and security;
- (2) The magnitude of any hazard involved:
- (3) The life cycle stage of a facility;
- (4) The programmatic mission of a facility;
- (5) The particular characteristics of a facility; and
- (6) Any other relevant factor (10 CFR 830).

<u>Hazard</u> - A source of danger (i.e., material, energy source, or operation) with the potential to cause illness, injury, or death to personnel or damage to a facility or to the environment (without regard for the likelihood or credibility of accident scenarios or consequence mitigation). (10 CFR 830)

ATTACHMENT 2 ABBREVIATIONS, ACRONYMS, AND DEFINITIONS (Page 5 of 8)

Implementation Plan - A document prepared by a contractor that sets forth:

- (1) When and how the actions appropriate to comply with the requirements of a section of 10 CFR Part 830, including the requirements of a plan or program required by the section, shall be taken, and
- (2) What relief will be sought if a contractor cannot attain full compliance with a requirement in a reasonable manner (10 CFR 830).

Industrial Facility - A facility in which the hazards are limited to Standard Industrial Hazards.

<u>Inspection</u> - Examination or measurement to verify whether an item or activity conforms to specified requirements.

<u>Item</u> - An all-inclusive term used in place of any of the following: appurtenance, facility, sample, assembly, component, equipment, material, module, part, structure, subassembly, subsystem, system, unit, or support systems.

Measuring and Test Equipment (M&TE) - Devices or systems used to calibrate, measure, gage, test, or inspect in order to control or acquire data to verify conformance to specified requirements.

Nonconformance - a deficiency in characteristic, documentation, or procedure that renders the quality of an item or activity unacceptable or indeterminate; a non-fulfillment of a specified requirement.

<u>Nonconforming Condition</u> - An item or process which does not comply with specified requirements in one or more characteristics.

Non-Reactor Nuclear Facility - Those activities or operations that involve radioactive and/or fissionable materials in such form and quantity that a nuclear hazard potentially exists to the employees or the general public. Included are activities or operations that -

- (1) Produce, process, or store radioactive liquid or solid waste, fissionable materials, or tritium;
- (2) Conduct separations operations;
- (3) Conduct irradiated materials inspection, fuel fabrication, decontamination, or recovery operations;
- (4) Conduct fuel enrichment operations; or
- (5) Perform environmental remediation or waste management activities involving radioactive materials.

Incidental use and generating of radioactive materials in a facility operation (e.g., check and calibration sources, use of radioactive sources in research and experimental and analytical laboratory activities, electron microscopes, and X-ray machines) would not ordinarily require the facility to be included in this definition (10 CFR 830).

ATTACHMENT 2 ABBREVIATIONS, ACRONYMS, AND DEFINITIONS (Page 6 of 8)

Nuclear facility - Reactor and nonreactor nuclear facilities (10 CFR 830).

Ohio EPA - Ohio Environmental Protection Agency

<u>Performance Grade (PG)</u> - Performance Grade is the numerical value assigned to classify a System, Structure, or Component as it relates to an activity or function. The engineer assigns a performance grade (PG) to an activity or SSC in terms of five criteria. These criteria are:

- Safety Considerations involving the consequences of its failure to prevent or mitigate the release of radioactive materials or energy, or hazardous materials.
- Mission Importance Considerations involving the consequences of its failure impacting schedule delay, stakeholder reaction, or project cost.
- Life-Cycle Considerations involving the design life or intended use/consequence of the SSC or Activity.
- Complexity Considerations involving the degree of regulatory, design, construction, process, and/or management coordination required.
- Risk considerations based on the grading risk evaluation

<u>Person</u> - Any individual, corporation, partnership, firm, association, trust, estate, public or private institution, group, Government agency, any State or political subdivision of, or any political entity and any legal successor, representative, agent or agency of the foregoing: provided that person does not include the Department of Energy or the United States NRC (10 CFR 830).

<u>Precision</u> - A measure of mutual agreement among individual measurements of the same property, usually under prescribed similar conditions. Precision is best expressed in terms of the standard deviation. Various measures of precision exist depending upon the "prescribed similar conditions". The precision of an analytical method is determined from the results of duplicate samples.

<u>Preventive Maintenance</u> - Maintenance performed for precautionary reasons to protect against malfunction or failure.

Procedure - A document that specifies or describes how an activity is to be performed.

Process - A series of actions that achieve an end or result (10 CFR 830).

<u>Procurement Document</u> - Purchase requisitions, purchase orders, drawings, contracts, specifications, or instructions used to define requirements for purchase.

Product - Any item (hardware, software, service, document) produced for a customer.

<u>QAMS</u> - Quality Assurance Management Staff; an EPA organization.

ATTACHMENT 2 ABBREVIATIONS, ACRONYMS, AND DEFINITIONS (Page 7 of 8)

Quality - The condition achieved when an item, service, or process meets or exceeds the user's requirements and expectations (10 CFR 830).

Quality Assurance (QA) - All those actions that provide confidence that quality is achieved (10 CFR 830).

Quality Assurance Program (QAP) - The overall program established by Fluor Fernald to implement the quality assurance requirements imposed on the FEMP by its customers. The Program assigns responsibilities and authorities, defines policies and requirements, and provides for the performance and assessment of work (10 CFR 830).

Quality Assurance Project Plan (QAPjP) - An orderly assembly of detailed and specific procedures by which an agency delineates how it produces quality data for a specific project or measurement method. A given agency would have only one quality assurance program plan, but would have a quality assurance plan for each of its projects or programs (group of projects using the same measurement methods; for example, a laboratory service group might develop a plan by analytical instrument since the service is provided to a number of projects).

Quality Assurance Record - A completed document that furnishes evidence of the quality of items and/or activities affecting quality. Records verifying compliance with regulatory requirements are quality assurance records. THESE RECORDS ARE OFTEN GENERATED BY ORGANIZATIONS OTHER THAN THE OVERSIGHT AND PROGRAM INTEGRATION ORGANIZATION.

<u>QA Rule</u> - Term used to describe the requirements in 10 CFR 830.120, "Quality Assurance Requirements."

Quality Control (QC) - The overall system of technical activities that measures and controls the quality of a process, item, or service so that it meets the stated needs of the user.

Quality Level - The level of analysis, documentation, and other actions necessary to implement the QA program requirements based on the Graded Approach. There are four Quality Levels established at the FEMP, QL-1, QL-2, QL-3 and QL-4. Quality Level 3 establishes the basic Quality Management System that implements the QA Program requirements of 10 CFR 830.120. QL-1 and QL-2 apply additional resources and vigor required to control the increasingly higher risk and/or hazards. Quality Level 4 represents the appropriate level of resources applied to the purchase of non-safety related items.

Record - A completed document or other media that provides objective evidence of an item, service, or process (10 CFR 830).

Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA) - An act which enabled the EPA to issue regulations for a national hazardous waste management program. The regulations govern hazardous waste from the time it is created to the time of its disposal. Any waste that is transported off the site for treatment, storage, or disposal must be accompanied by a manifest that: (a) Identifies who generated the waste, (2) Provides a full description of the contents and quantity of the waste, and (3) Designates the facility to which it must be shipped.

ATTACHMENT 2 ABBREVIATIONS, ACRONYMS, AND DEFINITIONS (Page 8 of 8)

Representativeness - Expresses the degree to which data accurately and precisely represent a characteristic of a population, parameter variations at a sampling point, process condition, or an environmental condition. Data representativeness is a function of sampling strategy; therefore, the sampling scheme should be designed to maximize representativeness.

Restoration - The environmental rejuvenation of the site and its surroundings to a former state or condition which (1) does not present a threat or hazard to the public health and welfare and the environment or (2) which effectively mitigates and minimizes the threat or hazard to the public health and welfare and the environment.

<u>Risk</u> - A quantitative or qualitative expression of possible loss in terms of consequence severity and probability of occurrence.

<u>Service</u> - The performance of work, such as design, construction, fabrication, inspection, nondestructive examination/testing, environmental qualification, equipment qualification, repair, installation, or the like. (10 CFR 830)

Sitewide CERCLA Quality Assurance Project Plan (SCQ) - This document, as approved by DOE and EPA, provides overall sitewide quality assurance planning for environmental sampling and analysis at the FEMP.

Standard Operating Procedure (SOP) - An operation, analysis, or action whose mechanics are thoroughly prescribed and documented and which is commonly accepted as the usual or normal method for performing certain routine or repetitive tasks.

<u>Supplier</u> - Any individual or organization who furnishes items or services in accordance with a procurement document. An all-inclusive term used in place of any of the following: vendor, seller, contractor, subcontractor, fabricator, consultant, and their subtier levels.

<u>Surveillance</u> - The act of monitoring or observing to verify whether an item or activity conforms to be specified requirements.

<u>Validation</u> - The process of evaluating a product at the end of the entire development process to ensure compliance with requirements, or the measurement of effectiveness regarding corrective actions.

<u>Work</u> - Process of performing a defined task or activity; for example, research and development, operations, maintenance and repair, administration, software development and use, inspection, safeguards and security, data collection, and analysis.

ATTACHMENT 3 GRADED APPROACH FOR QUALITY LEVELS (Page 1 of 7)

1.0 GRADED APPROACH

The QA Rule is applicable to the entire FEMP site through the use of a Graded Approach. The requirements of 10 CFR 830.120 will be graded and used for all site programs, including those which have little or no nuclear safety significance.

In order to ensure the most efficient use of resources, a graded approach is used to determine the rigor with which the QA management system is applied to a specific facility or activity. This approach provides the flexibility to implement the program in a way that best suits the facility or activity while maintaining full compliance with the QA Rule.

A graded approach is the process by which the levels of analysis, documentation, and other actions necessary to implement the QA Program requirements are based on facility/activity - specific factors.

The scope and depth of the management system's application of requirements to a specific activity should be determined by the use of a grading process. The grading process provides the flexibility to design controls that best suit the facility or activity. The graded approach process should determine the appropriate level of effort necessary to attain and document the requirements established through the consideration of prescribed factors. This process is based on prescribed facility-specific or activity-specific factors such as the:

- level of risk;
- age, status, and condition of a facility or process;
- history of problems at a site or facility;
- adequacy of existing safety documentation; and
- complexity of products or services involved.

The graded approach and the establishment of Quality Levels are used to determine the appropriate level of effort necessary to implement the requirements of 10 CFR 830.120 and are not used to obtain relief from the requirements.

Quality Levels have been established based on categorization rules which are applicable at two levels: 1) entire Facilities/Activities and 2) Structures, Systems or Components (SSC) in the facility or used in the activity. This process is documented in procedures used by Nuclear Systems and Engineering which were used to develop the Quality Level Matrix shown in Tables 1, 2, and 3.

Since Quality Level 3 is the basic Quality Management System that implements the QA Program requirements of 10 CFR Part 830.120, all support organizations and functional areas will operate under a Quality Level 3 program. If these organizations are involved in a specific activity or task which is deemed to be at a higher Quality Level (1 or 2), then they will apply the appropriate resources required by that Quality Level.

ATTACHMENT 3 GRADED APPROACH FOR QUALITY LEVELS (Page 2 of 7)

Quality Level 4 is not intended to implement all of the QA program requirements for site facilities or activities. At this level, an adequate amount of resources are applied as defined in project specific plans or purchase orders.

The Quality Assurance Program (QAP) includes specific requirements associated with the four Quality Levels. These requirements are documented in the "Application of Quality Levels to QA Program Criteria" chart, Attachment 4. Appropriate QA elements will be applied to each Facility/Activity and Structures, Systems, or Components (SSC) in accordance with the Quality Level established in the following Tables (1,2,3) and the requirements documented in Attachment 4. The activities and programs required by the QAP implement the provisions of the QA Rule. This information is documented further in Attachment 4 and in the following.

TABLE 1

FACILITY/ACTIVITY				
NUCLEAR HAZARD CATEGORY QUALITY LEVEL F WRITTEN PROGR				
HAZARD CATEGORY 1 (HC1)	QL-1			
HAZARD CATEGORY 2 (HC2)	QL-2*			
HAZARD CATEGORY 3 (HC3)	QL-3*			
RADIOLOGICAL FACILITY (RF)	QL-3*			

^{*}SPECIAL PROJECTS AND FACILITIES MAY HAVE THEIR QUALITY LEVEL
UPGRADED BASED ON A FORMAL PROCESS ESTABLISHED IN SITE PROCEDURES.

TABLE 2

	'v '			
FACILITY/ACTIVITY				
NON-NUCLEAR HAZARD CATEGORY	QUALITY LEVEL FOR WRITTEN PROGRAM			
HIGH HAZARD CLASS (HH)	QL-1			
MODERATE HAZARD CLASS (MH)	QL-2*			
LOW HAZARD CLASS (LH)	QL-3*			
INDUSTRIAL FACILITY (IF)	QL-4*, **			

^{*} SPECIAL PROJECTS AND FACILITIES MAY HAVE THEIR QUALITY LEVEL UPGRADED BASED ON A FORMAL PROCESS ESTABLISHED IN SITE PROCEDURES.

^{* *} PROCUREMENT ASSOCIATED WITH SUBCONTRACTOR WORK MAY HAVE A QL4 PROGRAM WHILE FLUOR FERNALD REMAINS AT A QL3 PROGRAM.

ATTACHMENT 3 GRADED APPROACH FOR QUALITY LEVELS (Page 3 of 7)

TABLE 3

SYSTEMS, STRUCTURES, AND COMPONENTS				
PERFORMANCE GRADE CATEGORY	QUALITY LEVEL FOR SSC			
PG-1	QL-1			
PG-2	QL-2*			
PG-3	QL-3*			
PG-4	QL-4*			
PG-5	QL-4*			

^{*} DURING THE PERFORMANCE GRADING PROCESS, THE TECHNICAL REVIEW TEAM MAY ESTABLISH A HIGHER QUALITY LEVEL BASED ON SPECIAL CONSIDERATIONS.

2.0 QUALITY LEVELS

The "Application of Quality Levels to QA Program Criteria" matrix charts, Attachment 4, provides both prescriptive guidance and broad based requirements for assignment of the appropriate resources necessary to implement a Quality Assurance program based on the risk, hazard, safety and cost significance of a particular facility, activity, system, structure, or component (as defined by Hazard Categories, safety systems, and Quality Levels.)

These matrix charts are provided for reference purposes and should be used by management to develop their documented program and procedures in accordance with the safety significance of their work. They should also be used to develop subcontractor requirements, procurement specifications and design requirements for all products or services purchased by Fluor Fernald. In addition, the matrix charts serve as a tool for assessors of these programs to ensure that appropriate resources have been applied to the QA management system developed for that work, whether Fluor Fernald or a subcontractor performs the work.

Assignment of Quality Levels for Facilities/Activities

Quality levels are assigned to facilities/activities based on the hazard classification established process that is documented in procedures used by Nuclear Systems. The relationship between the hazard classification and Quality Level is shown in Tables 1 and 2.

Assignment of Quality Levels for Systems, Structures, and Component
Quality Levels are assigned to Systems, Structures, and Components based on the
Performance Grade process established in procedures used by Engineering. The
relationship between Performance Grades and Quality Levels is shown in Table 3.

ATTACHMENT 3 GRADED APPROACH FOR QUALITY LEVELS (Page 4 of 7)

Quality Level - the level of analysis, documentation, and other actions necessary to implement the QA Program requirements based on the Graded Approach. There are four Quality Levels established at the FEMP: QL-1, QL-2, QL-3 and QL-4.

Quality Level 3 establishes the basic Quality Management System that implements the QA Program requirements of 10 CFR 830.120.

QL-1 and QL-2 apply additional resources and vigor required to control the increasingly higher risk and/or hazards.

Quality Level 4 represents the appropriate level of resources applied to non-safety related services or to the purchase of non-safety related items. These definitions are expanded below:

Quality Level 1 (QL-1) - This Quality Level includes the basic Quality

Management System of QL-2 plus the additional resources and vigor necessary
for control and protection due to the highest risks and/or hazards at the site.

Quality Level 1 is generally applied to facilities/activities which are categorized as Hazard Category 1 or High Hazard Class as described in Table 1 or Table 2 and Attachment 4.

Quality Level 1 is also generally applied to Systems, Structures, and Components, which are categorized as Performance Grade 1 as described in Table 3, and Attachment 4.

Quality Level 2 (QL-2) - This Quality Level includes the basic Quality

Management System of QL-3 plus the additional resources and vigor necessary
for control and protection due to the higher risks and/or hazards.

Quality Level 2 is generally applied to facilities/activities which are categorized as Hazard Category 2 or Moderate Hazard Class as described in Table 1 or Table 2 and Attachment 4.

Quality Level 2 is also generally applied to Systems, Structures, and Components, which are categorized as Performance Grade 2 as described in Table 3 and Attachment 4.

 Quality Level 3 (QL-3) - This is the basic Quality Management System that implements the QA Program requirements (10 criteria) of 10 CFR 830.120.

Quality Level 3 is generally applied to facilities/activities, which are as described in Table 1 or Table 2 and Attachment 4.

Quality Level 3 is also generally applied to Systems, Structures, and Components, which are categorized as Performance Grade 3 as described in Table 3 and Attachment 4.

ATTACHMENT 3 GRADED APPROACH FOR QUALITY LEVELS (Page 5 of 7)

 Quality Level 4 (QL-4) - This Quality Level is not intended to implement all of the QA program requirements for site facilities or activities. At this level, an adequate amount of resources are applied as defined in project specific plans or purchase orders.

Applicable technical and administrative requirements (such as specifications, codes, standards, tests and inspections, and acceptance criteria) for procurement of items and services shall be clearly stated in the procurement documents.

Quality Level 4 is generally applied to facilities or activities which are categorized as an Industrial Facility as described in Table 1 or Table 2 and Attachment 4.

Quality Level 4 is also generally applied to Systems, Structures, and Components, which are categorized as Performance Grade 4 or 5 as described in Table 3 and Attachment 4.

3.0 PROCUREMENT OF ITEMS/SERVICES FOR SUBCONTRACTORS/SUPPLIERS

The QAP establishes the QA requirements for Fluor Fernald and all other contractor and subcontractor organizations performing work at the FEMP. The QAP identifies and describes the integral elements of the QA activities that apply to the broad spectrum of work performed by Fluor Fernald and its contractors and subcontractors for all activities associated with the FEMP. Major work activities associated with the FEMP are: remedial investigation/feasibility study, removal site evaluations, removal actions, remedial design, remedial actions, Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA) activities, construction, waste management, safe shutdown, program management and support activities, and landlord activities.

Applicable technical and administrative requirements (such as specifications, codes, standards, tests and inspections, and acceptance criteria) for procurement of items and services shall be clearly stated in the procurement documents.

These prospective suppliers are to be evaluated to ensure that only qualified suppliers are selected that meets the requirements of the *QAP* and/or the Quality Levels. The prospective suppliers shall be evaluated to verify their capabilities to meet performance and schedule requirements. Measures for evaluating and selecting suppliers may include:

- a review of the supplier's history for providing identical or similar items or services;
- an assessment of the supplier's capability based on evaluation of its facilities, personnel, and programs; and/or
- an evaluation of documented qualitative and quantitative information provided by the supplier.

ATTACHMENT 3 GRADED APPROACH FOR QUALITY LEVELS (Page 6 of 7)

3.1 OVERALL METHOD OF APPLYING QUALITY ASSURANCE REQUIREMENTS

The Purchaser may incorporate into the procurement documents a complete quality assurance program standard, such as the *QAP*, and require the Supplier to apply the requirements of the *QAP* as appropriate to the items and services being procured.

Items and services (this includes items and services from subcontractors and suppliers) must meet established requirements and perform as expected.

It is left to the contractor to determine the methods for ensuring that procured items and services meet requirements and perform as expected. The procurement documents should clearly state test/inspection requirements and acceptance criteria for purchased items and services. Procurement documents should include any specifications, standards, and other documents referred to by the design documents. Critical parameters and requirements such as submittals, product related documentation, nonconformance requirements, administrative documentation, personnel or materials qualification, tests, inspections, and reviews should be specified as line items.

At Quality Levels 1, 2, or 3, an adequate amount of resources are applied to implementation of the QA requirements, as defined in project specific plans or purchase orders. These resources shall include the following as applicable or others that are deemed necessary to ensure that items and/or services provided by suppliers meet the requirements and expectations of the end-user: source verification, receipt inspection, pre-installation and post-installation tests, design, inspection and acceptance testing or a combination of these or other methods).

Quality Level 4 is not intended to implement all of the QA program requirements for site facilities/activities. At this level, an adequate amount of resources are applied to implementation of the QA requirements, as defined in project specific plans or purchase orders. These resources may include the following: source verification, receipt inspection, pre-installation and post-installation tests, design, inspection and acceptance testing or a combination of these or other methods.

3.2 UNIQUE METHOD OF APPLYING QUALITY ASSURANCE REQUIREMENTS

3.2.1 COMMERCIAL GRADE ITEMS

Fluor Fernald shall establish and implement appropriate controls (Quality Level 4) for services and items for the selection, determination of suitability, evaluation, and also for the receipt of commercial-grade items to ensure those commercial-grade items perform as expected.

ATTACHMENT 3 GRADED APPROACH FOR QUALITY LEVELS (Page 7 of 7)

Quality Level 4 is not intended to implement the QA program requirements for site facilities/activities. At this level, an adequate amount of resources are applied to the implementation of the QA requirements, as defined in project specific plans or purchase orders. These resources may include the following: source verification, receipt inspection, pre-installation and post-installation tests, design, inspection and acceptance testing or a combination of these or other methods).

3.2.2 SOLE/UNIQUE SOURCE

The purchaser may incorporate into the procurement documents selected portions of a quality assurance standard, such as the *QAP*, that are unique to the items or services being procured.

For example, when the Purchaser's order is limited to design work only, the following could be applicable:

CRITERION 1 - PROGRAM

CRITERION 3 - QUALITY IMPROVEMENT

CRITERION 4 - DOCUMENTS AND RECORDS

CRITERION 5 - WORK PERFORMANCE

CRITERION 6 - DESIGN

CRITERION 10 - INDEPENDENT ASSESSMENT

At Quality Levels 1, 2, or 3), an adequate amount of resources are applied to implementation of the QA requirements, as defined in project specific plans or purchase orders. These resources shall include the following as applicable or others that are deemed necessary to ensure that items and/or services provided by suppliers meet the requirements and expectations of the end-user: source verification, receipt inspection, pre-installation and post-installation tests, design, inspection and acceptance testing or a combination of these or other methods.

3.2,3 MINORITY CONTRACTS/SMALL DISADVANTAGED BUSINESSES

Quality Levels 1, 2, 3, or 4 are applicable to Minority Contracts and Small Disadvantaged Businesses. Quality Level 3 is the basic Quality Management System that implements the QA Program requirements (10 criteria) of 10 CFR 830.120 and is applicable to these firms. Procurement and contracts for items and services to these firms shall request the firms to establish and implement a program to ensure that the purchased items and services meet established requirements and perform as expected.

For those firms that do not have a QA Program that meets the QAP and the Quality Level requirements or do not have the resources to develop them, these firms shall be evaluated for programs in place and/or for those that can be developed to comply, may furnish program services to augment those of the MINORITY CONTRACTS AND SMALL DISADVANTAGED BUSINESSES to meet the requirements of the QAP such as the following: source verification, receipt inspection, pre-installation and post-installation tests, design, inspection and acceptance testing or a combination of these or other methods).

ATTACHMENT 4

APPLICATION OF QUALITY LEVELS TO QA PROGRAM CRITERIA (Page 1 of 12)

	evel of Assigned Resources	<	Lowest Level of Assign	ed Resources
CRITERIA SYNOPSIS	QUALITY LEVEL 1	QUALITY LEVEL 2	QUALITY LEVEL 3	QUALITY LEVEL 4
0.0 Quality Level Definition and Applications	Definition: This Quality Level includes the basic Quality Management system of Quality Level-2 plus the additional resources and vigor necessary for control and protection due to the Highest Risks and/or Hazards.	Definition: This Quality Level includes the basic Quality Management system of Quality Level-3 plus the additional resources and vigor necessary for control and protection due to the Higher Risks and/or Hazards.	Definition: This is the basic Quality Management System that implements the QA Program requirements (10 Criteria) of 10 CFR 830.120. This Quality Level addresses the basic hexards and risks associated with DOE Nuclear/Hazardous facilities or activities that are part of a Safety System.	Definition: This Quality Level is not intended to implement the QA program requirements for site facilities/activities. At this level, an adequate amount of resources are applied to implementation of the QA requirements, as defined in the purchase order.
	This Quality Level is generally applied to: *facilities/activities which are categorized as Hazard Category 1 or High Hazard Class or to Systems, Structures, and Components which are categorized as Performance	This Quality Level is generally applied to: • facilities/activities which are categorized as Hazard Category 2 or Moderate Hazard Class or to • Systems, Structures, and Components which are categorized as Performance Grade 2.	This Quality Level is generally applied to: • facilities/activities which are categorized as Hazard Category 3 or Low Hazard Class or to • Systems, Structures, and Components which are categorized as Performance Grade 3.	Applicable technical and administrative requirements (such as specifications, codes, standards, tests and inspections, and acceptance criteria) for procurement of items and services shall be clearly stated in the procurement documents.
	Grade 1. They are described below and in the QAP and Tables 1,2,3.	They are described below and in the QAP and Tables 1,2,3.	They are described below and in the QAP and Tables 1,2,3.	This level is generally applied to: services or commercial-grade items, which are not part of safety systems as described below and in the QAP and Tables 1,2,3.
A brief synopses of the criteria are listed below.	APPLICATION: Facility or Activity Nuclear Hazard Category HC1 Non-Nuclear Hazard Category HH	APPLICATION: Facility or Activity Nuclear Hazard Category HC2 Non-Nuclear Hazard Category MH	APPLICATION: Facility or Activity Nuclear Hazard Category HC3 Non-Nuclear Hazard LH Radiological Facility RF	APPLICATION: Facility or Activity Non-Nuclear Hazard IF
	Systems, Structures, Components Performance Grade Category PG-1	Systems, Structures, Components Parformance Grade Category PG-2	Systems, Structures, Components Performance Grade Category PG-3	Systems, Structures, Components Performance Grade Category PG-4 and PG-5

NOTE.1:

Since Facilities/Activities differ in scope, safety significance, risk and general requirements, the Programs defined for each Quality Level and each Criteria are provided as both prescriptive guidance and broad-based requirements. Program managers are expected to develop their management systems based on this information and on other requirements unique to their process. In order to ensure consistency and compliance with the implementation Plan., QA shall review and approve the QA management system.

NOTE 2:

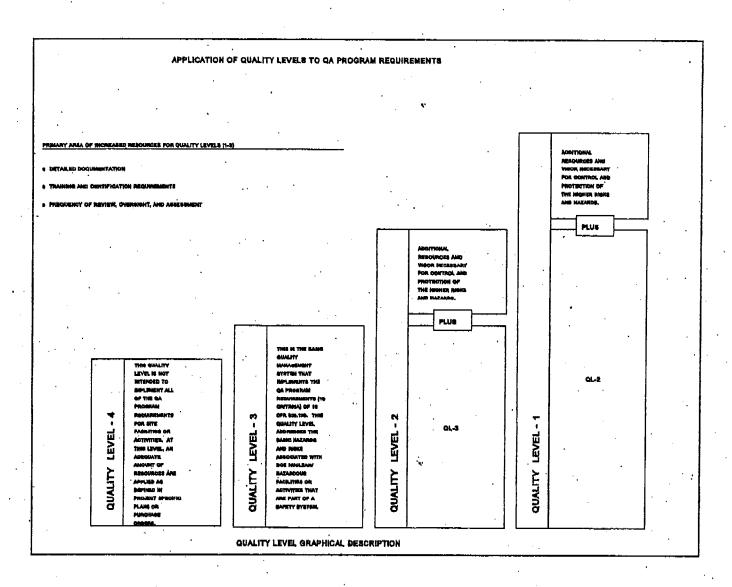
Italicized and superscripted (2) criteria are areas, which lend themselves to the best application of graded resources. Program managers or subcontractors developing QA management systems at the designated Quality Levels should concentrate on applying appropriate levels of resources to these areas based on the complexity, risk and safety factor associated with their process.

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ATTACHMENT 4 APPLICATION OF QUALITY LEVELS TO QA PROGRAM CRITERIA (Page 2 of 12)

Greatest Level of Assigned Resources <-----> Lowest Level of Assigned Resources



ATTACHMENT 4 APPLICATION OF QUALITY LEVELS TO QA PROGRAM CRITERIA (Page 3 of 12)

ĊI	RITERIA SYNOPSIS	QUALITY LEVEL 1	QUALITY LEVEL 2	QUALITY LEVEL 3	QUALITY LEVEL 4
.0	Program	A formal program	A structural program that	A brief but complete	This Quality Level is not
		that implements all of	implements the elements	description that implements	Intended to implement ti
	Develop,	the elements of	of Criteria 1.	the elements of Criteria 1.	QA program requirement
	implement, and	Criteria 1.		1	for site facilities/activitie
	maintain a written	l _ . _		1	
	QAP that	Example: Ruor	Example: Fluor Fernald	Example: Fluor Fernald shall	At this level, an adequat
	describes:	Fernald shall have	shall have descriptions of	have a brief description of the	amount of resources are
	Organizational	highly detailed	the organizational	individuals in the organization	applied as defined in
	structure	descriptions of the	interfaces showing the	and how they work together,	project specific plans or
	Functional	organizational	responsibilities and	i.e., a functional chart.	purchase orders.
	responsibility	Interfaces with	interactions of Individuals		1
	Levels of Authority	emphasis on the	and how they impact the	1	Applicable technical and
	Interfaces for those	interactions and	project.	1 .	administrative
	managing,	responsibilities of		· .	requirements (such as
	performing, and	Individuals and how			specifications, codes,
	assessing	they impact each		,	standards, tests and
•	adequacy of work	other and the project.			inspections, and
•	Describe the	l a	l	1	- acceptance criteria) for
	menegement	Subcontractors/auppli	Subcontractors/suppliers	Subcontractors/suppliers	procurement of items an
	system including	ers providing material	providing material or	providing material or services	services shall be clearly
	planning,	or services shall have	services shall have a	shall demonstrate compilance	stated in the procureme
	scheduling, and	a documented QA	documented QA program	with QA requirements but	documents.
	cost control	program	commensurate with the	need not have a documented	
	considerations	commensurate with	Quality Level assigned.	QA program.	This level is generally
	Proper equipment.	the Quality Level	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	·	applied to: services or
,	material, and	assigned.			commercial-grade items,
	resources available		•		Which are not part of
	Responsibility and	•		Ī	safety systems as
	authority to stop				described in the QAP,
	unsatisfactory Work	· '	· · ·		Attachment 4.
	Work				
.0	Personnol Training	A formal program	A structural program that	A brief but complete	At this level, an adequat
	and Qualification	that implements all of	Implements the elements	description that implements	amount of resources are
		the elements of	of Criteria 2.	the elements of Criteria 2.	applied as defined in
	² Personnel Training	Criteria 2.			project specific plans or
	² Training plans		•	·	purchase orders.
		Example: Fluor	Example: Fluor Fernald,	Example: Fluor Fernald,	
	² Classroom training	Fernald,	subcontractors, and	subcontractors, and suppliers	Applicable technical and
	² Required reading	subcontractors, and suppliers shall have	suppliers shall have a documented description	shall have a documented brief description of Qualification and	administrative requirements (such as
	Qualifications	documented detailed	of Qualification and	Certification (if required)	specifications, codes,
	requirements	description of	Certification (if required)	requirements, including:	standards, tests and
	Written tests	Qualification and	requirements, including:	experience, training, written	inspections, and
	Demonstrated	Certification	education, experience,	tests (if required), and	acceptance criteria) for
	proficiency	requirements,	training, written tests,	documented demonstrated	procurement of items an
	L	including: education,	and documented	proficiency.	services shall be clearly
	² Cartification	experience, training,	demonstrated	, ' '	stated in the procuremen
		written tests, and	proficiency.	•	documents.
	² Key personnel	documented			** "
	cortified per	demonstrated			This level is generally
	appropriate	proficiency.			applied to: services or
	standards	·			commercial-grade items,
	· ·			·	which are not part of
		i i		1	*afety #ystems as
					described in the QAP.

ATTACHMENT 4 APPLICATION OF QUALITY LEVELS TO QA PROGRAM CRITERIA (Page 4 of 12)

Greatest Le	vel of Assigned Resources	. <		ed Resources
CRITERIA SYNOPSIS	QUALITY LEVEL 1	QUALITY LEVEL 2	. QUALITY LEVEL 3	QUALITY LEVEL 4
3.0 Quality improvement Corrective action program Deviations - Items and processes identified, controlled, and corrected Correction -	A formal program that implements all of the elements of Criteria 3. Example: Fluor Fernald, suppliers and subcontractors shall conduct in depth investigation of non-	A structural program that implements the elements of Criteria 3. Example: Fluor Fernald, suppliers and subcontractors shall complete investigation of non-conforming	A brief but complete description that implements the elements of Criteria 3. Example: Fluor Fernald, suppliers and subcontractors shall complete investigation of nonconforming items and processes to identify the root cause and	At this level, an adequate amount of resources are applied as defined in project specific plans or purchase orders. Applicable technical and administrative requirements (such as specifications, codes,
identifying the causes of problems and preventing recurrence	conforming Items and processes to Identify the root cause and prevent-recurrence.	items and processes to identify the root cause and prevent recurrence. Example: Fluor	prevent recurrence.	standards, tests and inspections, and acceptance criteria) for procurement of items and services shall be clearly
Trend Analysis Review item reliability, process implementation, and other quality related information	Francisco Contractors and subcontractors shall conduct in depth, quarterly reviews and analysis of deficiencies and other	Femald, suppliers and subcontractors shall conduct semi-annual reviews and analysis of deficiencies and other quality	Example: Ruor Fernald, suppliers and subcontractors shall maintein an awareness and sensitivity to trends of deficiencies and other quality information that may identify items and processes needing improvement.	stated in the procurement documents. This level is generally applied to: services or commercial-grade items,
² Data analyzed to identify items and processes needing improvement	quality information for trends that may identify items and processes needing improvement.	information for trends that may identify items and processes needing improvement.	needing improvement.	which are not part of safety systems as described in the QAP, Attachment 4.
	Example: Subcontractor's/ supplier's Quality Improvement system shall be compatible with Fernald Fernald's.	Example: Subcontractor's/ supplier's Quality Improvement system shall be compatible with Fluor Fernald's.	Example: Subcontractor's/ Suppliers Quality Improvement system can be independent of Fluor Fernald's, but must be auditable by Fluor Fernald.	
4.0 Documents & Records * ** ** ** ** ** ** ** ** ** ** ** **	A formal program that implements all the elements of Criteria 4.	A structural program that implements the elements of Criteria 4.	A brief but complete description that implements the elements of Criteria 4.	At this level, an adequate amount of resources are applied as defined in project specific plans or purchase orders.
preparation, review, approvel, issuance, use, and revision to documents that establish policies, prescribe work, specify requirements, or establish design	Example: Fluor Fernald, suppliers and subcontractors shall document process activities and the completion of each process step. These records shall be reviewed and approved by management at the completion of each shift.	Example: Fluor Fernald, suppliers and subcontractors shall document designated process activities and the completion of designated process steps. These records shall be reviewed and approved by management at least weekly.	Example: Fluor Fernald, suppliers and subcontractors shall document designated process activities and the completion of designated process steps. These records shall be reviewed by management.	Applicable technical and administrative requirements (such as specifications, codes, standards, tests and inspections, and acceptance criteria) for procurement of items and services shall be clearly stated in the procurement documents.
to ensure that records are specified, prepared, reviewed, approved, and maintained to accurately reflect completed work	Example: Fluor Fernald, suppliers and subcontractors shall maintain protection and preservation facilities, such as; fireproof cabinets or duplicate records	Example: Fluor Fernald, suppliers and subcontractors shall maintain protection and preservation facilities, such as; fireproof cabinets or duplicate records	Example: Fluor Farnald, subcontractors, and suppliers shall maintain controlled access for documents and records, this need not be in fireproof cabinets or in duplicate at separate locations.	This level is generally applied to: services or commercial-grade items, which are not part of safety systems as described in the QAP, Attachment 4.
 ² Maintenance of records - System to include provisions for retention, protection, praservation, 	stored at separate locations.	stored at separate locations.	•	
traceability, accountability, and retrievability				•

ATTACHMENT 4 APPLICATION OF QUALITY LEVELS TO QA PROGRAM CRITERIA (Page 5 of 12)

	vel of Assigned Resources		> Lowest Level of Assign	
CRITERIA SYNOPSIS	QUALITY LEVEL 1	QUALITY LEVEL 2	QUALITY LEVEL 3	QUALITY LEVEL 4
CRITERIA SYNOPSIS 5.0 Work Processes Performed to established technical standards and administrative controls Performed to conditions using approved instructions, procedures, or other appropriate means items identified & controlled to ensure their proper use items maintained to prevent their damage, loss, or detarioration Equipment used for	A formal program that implements all of the elements of Criteria 5. Example: Fluor Fernald, subcontractors, and suppliers procedures shall be developed and documented for anticipated activities, detailing specific direction for each element of the task. Operator qualification and training shall be specified within the procedure. Example: Fluor Fernald, subcontractors, and suppliers shall develop and	A structural program that implements the elements of Criteria 5. Example: Fluor Fernald, subcontractors, and suppliers procedures shall be developed and documented for designated activities, detailing direction for key elements of the task. Operator qualification and training shall be specified. Example: Fluor Fernald, subcontractors, and suppliers shall develop and document a	A brief but complete description that implements the elements of Criteria 5. Example: Fluor Fernald, subcontractors, and supplier's procedures shall be developed and documented for designated activities. Key elements of the task shall be described in brief. Operator shall be qualified to perform task. Example: Fluor Fernald, subcontractors, and suppliers shall develop and document a maintenance management program for material control.	At this level, an adequate amount of resources are applied as defined in project specific plans or purchase orders. Applicable technical and administrative requirements (such as specifications, codes, standards, tests and inspections, and acceptance criterial for procurement of items and services shall be clearly stated in the procurement documents. This level is generally applied to: services or commercial-grade items, which are not part of safety systems as described in the QAP, Attachment 4.
process monitoring or date collection are calibrated & maintained - 2 Program to Identify, control, and maintain Items, control consumables and Items with limited aheli life; prevent the use of incorrect	develop and document a maintenance management program for meterial control, condition, and aging. Periodic inspection shall be performed querterly.	and document a maintenance management program for material control, condition, and aging. Periodic inspection shall be performed annually.	program for material control, condition, and aging. Periodic inspection shall be performed annually (if required).	Attachment 4.
or defective items, and control semples 2 Identify and control items to ensure their proper use and traceability 2 Items maintained to prevent their damage, loss, or deterioration				

ATTACHMENT 4 APPLICATION OF QUALITY LEVELS TO QA PROGRAM CRITERIA (Page 6 of 12)

	QUALITY LEVEL 1	QUALITY LEVEL 2	QUALITY LEVEL 3	QUALITY LEVEL 4
5.0 Work Processes (cont.)	Example: Fluor	Example: Fluor	Example: Fluor Fernald,	At this level, an adequate
² Program to control the handling,	Fernald, subcontractors, and	Fernald, subcontractors, and suppliers shall develop	subcontractors, and suppliers shall develop and document a	applied as defined in project apecific plans or purchase orders.
storage, shipping. cleaning and	suppliers shall develop and document a material management	and document a material management	material management program for material control.	Applicable technical and
preservation of Items to prevent damage, loss, or	program for material control. Low-Level	program for material control.		administrative requirements (such as
deterioration Marking and	Waste shipments to NTS are QL-1,	,		specifications, codes, standards, tests and inspections, and
labeling of items maintained throughout	Periodic Inspection shall be performed quarterly on material	Periodic Inspection shall be performed annually on material	Periodic inspection shall be- performed annually (if required) on material management.	acceptance criteria) for procurement of items as services shall be clearly
packing, shipping, handling, and storage	management.	management.		stated in the procurement
Requirements established for	Exemple: Fluor Fernald,	Example: Fluor Fernald,	Example: Fluor Fernald, subcontractors, and suppliers shall develop and document a	This level is generally applied to: services or
offsite transportation.	subcontractors, and suppliers shall develop and document a	subcontractors, and suppliers shall develop and document a	maintenance management program for measuring and test	applied to: services or commercial-grade items. Which are not part of
Special protective measures specified and provide when	maintenance management program	maintenance management program	equipment. Periodic inspection shall be	safety systems as described in the QAP,
required to maintain	for measuring and test equipment.	for measuring and test, equipment.	performed annually (if required).	Attachment 4.
acceptable quality. Low-level waste	Periodic Inspection shall be performed quarterly.	Periodic inspection shall be performed annually.		
shipments to the Nevada Test Site Defense Weste	444,141			
Acceptance Criteria,				
Certification, and Transfer	•			
Requirements 2 Program to control		,		
the calibration, maintenance, and	•	:		
use of measuring and test equipment				
used for monitoring and data collection	• •			
Monitoring and data collection equipment are of		·	·	
the accuracy and type suitable for			4	
the intended use Equipment shall	•	,		٠.
have calibration certification traceable to	·			,
national standards,	·		,	
where possible				
where possible Equipment on which calibration is		1		•

ATTACHMENT 4 APPLICATION OF QUALITY LEVELS TO QA PROGRAM CRITERIA (Page 7 of 12)

Greatest Level of Assigned Resources < Lowest Level of Assigned Resources CRITERIA SYNOPSIS **QUALITY LEVEL 1** QUALITY LEVEL 2 QUALITY LEVEL 3 QUALITY LEVEL 4 6.0 Designs A formal program that A structural program A brief but complete description At this level, an adequate implements all of the that implements the that implements the elements of amount of resources are elements of Criteria 6. elements of Criteria 6. Items/processes Critèria 6. applied as defined in designed using project specific plans or Example: Fluor Example: Fluor Fernald, sound Example: Fluor purchase orders. engineering/scientif Fernald, Fernald, subcontractors, and suppliers ic principles and subcontractors, and subcontractors, and shall have a documented brief Applicable technical and description of a Design program appropriate suppliers shall have suppliers shall have administrative standards documented detailed documented to establish processes and requirements (such as Design program to description of a Design procedures to require that design specifications, codes, Design/Changes establish processes program to establish work be based on sound standards, tests and incorporate and procedures to processes and engineering and scientific inspections, and applicable require that design procedures to require principles, and to prove control of acceptance criteria) for that design work be work be based on requirements & design inputs and outputs, procurement of items and design bases sound engineering and based on sound configuration changes and design services shall be clearly scientific principles, engineering and changes, documentation and stated in the Design interfaces and to prove control of scientific principles. records, and interfaces. procurement documents. identified & design inputs and and to prove central of controlled for the outputs, configuration design inputs and This level is generally purpose of changes and design outputs, configuration applied to: services or changes and design developing, changes, commercial-grade items, reviewing, documentation and changes. which are not part of approving. records, and documentation and safety systems as records, and releasing, interfaces. described in the QAP. distributing, and interfaces. Attachment 4. revising design inputs and outputs are to be defined Adequacy of design products verified & validated by Individuals or groups other than those who performed the work Verification and validation work completed before approval and Implementation of the design Computer programs are to be proven through previous use, or verified through testing or simulation prior to Changes to computer software shall be controlled to assess the potential impact of the change on the performance of the software The data collection process for characterizing environmental process and conditions shall be defined, controlled, verified, and documented

ATTACHMENT 4 APPLICATION OF QUALITY LEVELS TO QA PROGRAM CRITERIA (Page 8 of 12)

CRITERIA SYN	satest Level of Assigned Resource PSIS QUALITY LEVEL 1	QUALITY LEVEL 2	DUALITY LEVEL 3	QUALITY LEVEL 4
	313 GOALITT LEVEL 1		QUALITY LEVEL 3	
.0 Procurement	A formal program	A structural program	A brief but complete description	At this level, an adequ
	that implements all of		that implements the elements of	amount of resources a
Program to		elements of Criteria 7.	Criteria 7.	applied as defined in
that purcha			1	project specific plans
items and s		1		purchase orders.
meet estab		Example: Fluor Fernald,	Example: Fluor Fernald,	İ
requirement			suppliers and subcontractors	Applicable technical as
perform as	aubcontractors shall	subcontractors shall	shall have a documented brief	administrative
expected	have a decumented	have a documented	description of the Procurement	requirements (such as
	detailed Procurement	description of the	program for purchasing items	specifications, codes,
Appropriate		Procurement program	and services, evaluation of	standards, tests and
for the sele	ion, purchasing items and	for purchasing items	potential suppliers, and	inspections, and
determinati	of services, evaluation	and services, evaluation	acceptance methods for	acceptance criteria) fo
sultability,	of potential suppliers.	of potential suppliers,	procured items and services.	procurement of items
evaluation,	nd and acceptance	and acceptance	,	services shall be clear
receipt of	methods for procured	methods for procured		stated in the procurem
commercial		items and services.	1	documents.
items to en		,		, addamenta.
that commo		Example: Pre-award		This level is generally
grade items	aurvevs shall be	surveys shall be	Example: Pre-award surveys	applied to: services or
performs as	conducted at all	conducted at suppliers	shall be conducted of suppliers	commercial-grade Item
expected	suppliers prior to	prior to procurement.	prior to procurement ithis may	which are not part of
	procurement.	Thereafter, supplier	be accomplished with a desktop	safety systems as
² Suppliers	Thereafter, supplier	audits shall be	audit, past performance review,	described in the QAP,
evaluated to		conducted at least once	atc.), A satisfactory supplier.	Attachment 4.
	W10018	every three years, Lab	audit for this quality level will	Attachment 4.
that only qu	once every three	services audits shall be	satisfy the requirements for	A -4 -3241 11
suppliers are	years, Lab services	conducted at least once	lower quality levels.	Additionally, appropriat
selected		each year, A	iower quality levels.	controls are to be in pl
² Pre-Award e	conducted at least	satisfactory supplier	· ·	for the selection, determination of
² Supplier Au	once each year. A	audit for this quality		
² Source zurv		level will satisfy the		suitability, evaluation,
Source aury	audit for this quality	requirements for lower		receipt of commercial-
9		quality levels.		grade items to ensure t
² Purchased i	the requirements for	doanty levels.	1 · 🛊 ·	commercial-grade items
and services	Income Promites Income			performs as expected.
accepted us	<i>u</i>	ļ	F	
specified me			Example: Source surveillance,	
zeource verif	etion Example: Source	Example: Source	source inspection, pre-	
² pra-installat	1	surveillance, source	installation tests, and/or post-	
		inspection, pre-	inetalization tests may be used	
tests	installation tests,	installation tests, and/or	to verify the quality of	
Post-instalia	on and/or post-	post-installation tests	purchased Items and services,	
tests	installation tests may	may be used to verify	as determined by the Quality	
² certif/cetes	be used to verify the	the quality of purchased	Plan or se dictated by item or	
conformance	dranta et britoriasea	Items and services, as	service quality concerns,	
² or a combin	items and services,	determined by the		* * * *
	. == ================================	Quality Plan or as		•
of these me		dictated by item or		i .
Before an ite	dictated by item or	service quality		•
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	concerns,		
used or plac	in concerns,	1		
service,	ł]	•
procurement	_	1	.1	
inspection, a		1		
test requiren		1]	
are to be sat	Tied Deit	1	j i	4
	. 1	1	1	
The quality o	1	1	, , l	
purchased its		1	, · ·	
and services	ı to	1	·	
be verified at	1		1	
intervals and	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	1	1	
depth consis	int	1	· · ·	
with the		•	•	
complexity, r	k,	1	·	
	· . I	1 ' · · ·	l ,	•
quantity, and				
			` v '	•
procurement	he		'v	
procurement frequency of			'v	· ·
procurement			¥	

ATTACHMENT 4 APPLICATION OF QUALITY LEVELS TO QA PROGRAM CRITERIA (Page 9 of 12)

C	RITERIA SYNOPSIS	QUALITY LEVEL 1	QUALITY LEVEL 2	QUALITY LEVEL 3	QUALITY LEVEL 4
8,0	Inspection and	A formal program	A structural program	A brief but complete description	At this level, an adequat
	Acceptance	that implements all of	that implements the	that implements the elements of	amount of resources are
	Testing	the elements of	elements of Criteria 8.	Critoria 8.	applied as defined in
		Criteria 8.			project specific plans or
•	Inspection per	1			purchase orders.
	established criteria	Example: Fluor	Example: Fluor Fernald,	Example: Fluor Femald,	
•	Program to specify	Fernald,	subcontractors, and	subcontractors, and suppliers	Applicable technical and
	type of inspection:	subcontractors, and	suppliers shall have a	shall have a documented brief	administrative
	source, in-process,	suppliers shall have	documented description	description of an Inspection	requirements (such as
	final receipt,	documented detailed	of an inspection	program to specify type of	specifications, codes,
	maintenance, and	inspection program to	program to specify type	inspection, administrative	standards, tests and
	in-service	specify type of	of inspection,	controls and status indicators	inspections, and
•	Administrative	inspection.	administrative controls	for inspections and operation of	acceptance criteria) for
	controls and status	administrative	and status indicators for	Items or processes, inspection	procurement of items an
	Indicators to	controls and status	inspections and	planning, and an acceptance	services shall be clearly
	preciude inadvertent	indicators for inspections and	operation of Items or	criteria.	stated in the procuremen
	bypassing of	operation of items or	processes, inspection		documents.
	required	processes, inspection	planning, and an acceptance criteria.	.	This level to 11.
	inspections and	planning, and an	e-copiante criteria.]	This level is generally. applied to: services or
	prevent inadvertent	acceptance criteria.		1	commercial-grade items,
•	operation of the	acceptantes circuita.		,	which are not part of
	item	Level of inspection	Level of Inspection shall	Level of inspection (if required)	safety systems as
	Personnel do net	shall be based on	be based on inspection	shall be based on inspection	described in the QAP,
	perform inspections	Inspection	characteristics.	characteristics developed	Attachment 4.
	on their own work	characteristics	developed through	through evaluation plans and/or	7
	for acceptance	developed through	evaluation plans and/or	Inspection forms,	Example:
	² Level of inspection	evaluation plans	inspection forms.	•	Receipt Inspection:
	and degree of	and/or inspection			Check description
	independence of	forms.			Count items against
•	Inspection		•		delivery/P.O.
	personnel based on				Check for damage
	risk and complexity		_	l	•
	² Inspection planning		·		
	activities to identify				
	Item characteristics	·	• }		
	and process to be				
	Inspected, the			•	•
	inspection				
	techniques, the	* -			
	acceptance criteria,	ľ			
	and the				
	organization			·	
	responsible for			. New	•
	performing the	·	, Ι	,	
	Inspection				
	² Defined inspection	'	i	•	
	hold points beyond	,		•	
	which work is not	· · ·	· .	· .	
	to proceed until	• •	·	. .	
	inspection has	†	ł	· ·	
	been completed		·		
	For acceptance	· 1			•
	criteria not met,			J	4
	deficiencies are to			,	
		1			
	be resolved and			. 1	

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CRITERIA SYNOPSIS	vel of Assigned Resources QUALITY LEVEL 1	QUALITY LEVEL 2	> Lowest Level of Assign	
SHIFTHY STROLDIS	MANTIL FEAST	ANNTH L FEAST 7	QUALITY LEVEL 3	QUALITY LEVEL 4
8.0 Inspection and Acceptance Testing (cont.) • Acceptance testing per established criteria Test control program for acceptance testing to demonstrate	Example: Fluor Fernald, aubcontractors, and suppliers shall have documented detailed Testing Processes to specify that items and processes will perform as intended, administrative controls and status	Example: Fluor Fernald, subcontractors, and suppliers shall have a documented description of Testing Processes to specify that items and processes will perform as intended, administrative controls and status indicators for acceptance testing and	Example: Fluor Fernald, subcontractors, and suppliers shall have a documented brief description of Testing Processes to specify that items and processes will perform as intended, administrative controls and status indicators for acceptance testing and operation of items or processes, test procedures, and an	At this level, an adequate amount of resources are applied as defined in project specific plans or purchase orders. Applicable technical and administrative requirements (such as specifications, codes, standards, tests and
that items will perform as	indicators for acceptance testing	operation of items or processes, test	acceptance criteria.	inspections, and
intended	and operation of	procedures, and an	·	acceptance criteria) for procurement of items and
Program to include,	Items or processes,	acceptance criteria.		services shall be clearly
as appropriate, bench tests and	test procedures, and an acceptance		•	stated in the procurement documents.
proof tests before	criteria.	· .		documents.
Installation, pre-		•		This level is generally
post-maintenance				applied to: services or
test, post-		•		commercial-grade Items, which are not part of
modification tests,				safety systems as
and operational tests		,		described in the QAP,
Personnel are not to	•		·	Attachment 4,
test their own work		·	·	
for acceptance Unless a third-party				
verification from a				
qualified third-party		•		
applicable		•		٠,
Administrative		• •		
controls and status indicators, such as	· '			
tage and labels, are				,
to be used to preclude	·		· .	
inadvertent		•		•
bypassing of		'	•	
required tests and prevent inadvertent	·	•	'	4
operation of the			·	*
item				
Test procedures are developed and		`,	'v'	
include instruction		,		
and prerequisites to		, .		•
perform the test, test article				
cenfiguration, use	,		[•
of test equipment,		,		•
acceptance criteria, inspection hold		ļ		
points as required,	,		. i	
and provisions of				
recording test data and its review for		•		
. completeness and	,			
accuracy of the				
results		I	}	

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CRITERIÀ SYN	OPSIS	QUALITY LEVEL 1	QUALITY LEVEL 2	QUALITY LEVEL 3	QUALITY LEVEL 4
Acceptance Testing (con	t.)	Example: Fluor Fernald,	Example: Fluor Fernald,	Example: Fluor Fernald, subcontractors, and suppliers	At this level, an adequat amount of resources are applied as defined in project specific plans or
Acceptance per establish		subcontractors, and suppliers shall have	suppliers shall have a documented description	shall have a documented brief description of Measuring and	purchase orders.
criteria (cont		documented detailed	of Measuring and	Testing Processes to control	Applicable technical and
For acceptar		Measuring and	Testing Processes to	calibration, maintenance,	administrative
criteria not n		Testing Processes to control calibration.	control calibration, maintenance,	accountability, and use of a equipment used to control any	requirements (such as specifications, codes,
retested, aft		maintenance,	accountability, and use	- process,	standards, tests and
corrected, to		accountability, and	of equipment used to		inspections, and
requirements	' '	use of equipment used to control any	control any process.		acceptance criteria) for procurement of items an
•		process.		•	services shall be clearly
· Equipment	,				stated in the procuremen
calibrated & maintained	4	A calibration schedule shall be	A calibration schedule shall be established for	A calibration schedule shall be satablished for each item of	documents.
Program to	control	established for each	each Item of M&TE.	M&TE. Calibration frequency	This level is generally
the calibrati		Item of M&TE.	Calibration frequency	shall be based on	applied to: services or
maintenano accountabil		Calibration frequency shall be based on	shall be based on manufacturer's	manufacturer's recommendation, equipment	Commercial-grade items, which are not part of
use of equi		manufacturer's	recommendation,	type, use, past experience, and	safety systems as
used for		recommendation,	equipment type, use,	regulatory requirements.	described in the QAP,
acceptance items during		equipment type, use, past experience, and	past experience, and regulatory requirements.		Attachment 4.
inspection a		regulatory			
testing	1	requirements.			<u>'</u>
² Equipment	4	• .			
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ATTACHMENT 4 APPLICATION OF QUALITY LEVELS TO QA PROGRAM CRITERIA (Page 12 of 12)

Greatest Level of Assigned Resources <-Lowest Level of Assigned Resources **QUALITY LEVEL 2** QUALITY LEVEL 4 CRITERIA SYNOPSIS QUALITY LEVEL 1 QUALITY LEVEL 3 A brief but complete description At this lovel, an adequate 9.0 Management A structural program A formal program that implements the that implements the elements of amount of resources are Assessment that implements all of the elements of elements of Criteria 9. Criteria 9. applied as defined in project specific plans or Criteria 9. ²Planned & periodic purchase orders. assessments by Example: Fluor Femald, Example: Fluor Example: Fluor Fernald, senior management subcontractors, and subcontractors, and suppliers Applicable technical and Fernaid, involving all levels shall have a documented brief administrative subcontractors, and suppliers shall have of management suppliers shall have documented description description of assessments (if requirements (such as specifications, codes, required) performed by senior documented detailed of assessments Management planned & periodic performed by senior management at all levels of the standards, tests and problems identified assessments management at all program. inspections, and and corrected performed by senior levels of the program. acceptance criteria) for procurement of items and management at all Annual assessment levels of the services shall be clearly of performances stated in the procurement program. conducted by documents. managers of each Example: Fluor Fernald, Example: Fluor Fernald, Example: Fluor organization based This level is generally subcontractors, and suppliers subcontractors, and Femald. on compliance and applied to: services or subcontractors, and suppliers shall have shall have annual assessment (if performance data suppliers shall have biannual assessment (if required) of performances which commercial-grade items, from internal required) of are conducted by managers of which are not part of quarterly assessment evaluations and safety systems as each organization based on of performances performances, which Independent which are conducted are conducted by compliance and performance described in the QAP. assesaments data from internal evaluations by managers of each Attachment 4. managers of each and independent assessments organization based organization based on Senior management on compliance and compliance and performances. conducts overall performence data performance data from assessment of internal evaluations and from Internal performance using independent evaluations and results from the independent assessments individual performances. assessments organization performances. assessments 10.0 Independent A formal program A structural program · A brief but complete description At this level, an adequate that implements the that implements the that implements the elements of amount of resources are Assessment elements of Criteria 10. Criteria 10, applied as defined in elements of Criteria project specific plans or 10. ²Planned & periodic purchase orders. assessments by an Example: Fluor Example: Fluor Fernald, Example: Fluor Fernald, Independent Fernald, subcentractors, and subcontractors, and suppliers Applicable technical and assessment subcontractors, and suppliers shall have a shall have a brief description of administrative organization suppliers shall have documented description independent assessments (if requirements (such as documented detailed of Independent required) performed by specifications, codes, Personnel personnel qualified (if required) standards, tests and assessments performed planned & periodic technically qualified independent. by personnel qualified and knowledgeable with inspections, and & knowledgeable in assessments (if required) and requirements (if required) of acceptance criteria) for the areas assessed performed by knowledgeable with education, experience, and procurement of items and personnel qualified services shall be clearly requirements of training. stated in the procurement education, experience, and knowledgeable with requirements of and training. documents. Annual assessment education. of the effectiveness This level is generally experience, and of the QA program applied to: services or training. commercial-grade items, Example: Fluor Example: Fluor Fernald, which are not part of Example: Fluor Fernald, subcontractors, and suppliers Femald. safety systems as subcontractors, and shall have annual assessment (if described in the QAP, subcontractors, and suppliers shall have suppliers shall have required) of the effectiveness Attachment 4. biannual assessment (if quarterly assessment and adequacy of the QA required) of the performed for the program. effectiveness and effectiveness and adequacy of the QA adequacy of the QA program.

ATTACHMENT 5 KEY SITE DOCUMENTS WHICH IMPLEMENT QA REQUIREMENTS (PAGE 1 OF 6)

ODITEDION 4	DDOCDANA
CRITERION 1 - F	
CM-0001	Configuration Management
·ED-12-9001	Engineering Quality Management
EW-0010	FEMP Data Validation Procedure
FD-1000	Sitewide CERCLA Quality (SCQ) Assurance Project Plan
IM-6001	Safe Shutdown Program Planning and Implementation Manual
IM-7001	Decontamination manual
MS-0006	Maintenance of Standards/Requirements Identification Documents (S/RID)
OP-1001	Operations Organization and Administration
PL-3029	QA Rule Implementation Plan
PL-3034	Asbestos Program Quality Assurance Plan
PL-3035	Configuration Management
PL-3067	FDF Waste Certification Program Plan
PL-3077	Waste Management Quality Assurance Plan
PL-3078	FEMP Waste Characterization Program Plan
QA-0003	Identifying Quality Assurance Program Requirements for Quality (RISK) Levels
QA-0009	Quality Assurance Job Specific Planning (QAJSP)
RM-0007	FEMP Respiratory Protection Requirements Manual
RM-0011	Control of Occupational Exposure of Bloodborne Pathogens
RM-0012	Quality Assurance Program
RM-0016	Management Plan
RM-0015	FEMP ALARA Requirements Manual
RM-0020	Radiological Control Requirements Manual
RM-0021	Safety Performance Requirements Manual
RM-0027	Nuclear Criticality Safety Requirements
RM-0029	Fluor Daniel Fernald Conduct of Operations (CONOPS) Program
RM-0034	Startup and Turnover Requirements Manual
RM-2116	Systems Safety Requirements
RM-3001	Laboratory Chemical Hygiene Manual
CRITERION 2 - F	PERSONNEL TRAINING AND QUALIFICATION
CT-1.3.1	Construction Functional Area Assigned Reading/Training Program
CT-1.6.3	Welding Procedure - Qualification of Welders and Welding Operators
ED-12-2004	Engineering Training
EM-0006	Emergency Preparedness Training Plan for Emergency Operations Center Staff
FPR 1-4	Employee Fire Protection Training
MS-1026	Qualification/Certification of Assessment Personnel - Operations Assurance
MT-0018	Qualification of HEPA Filtration System Test Personnel
.OP-1005	Control of ON-Shift Training
OP-1013	Operations Aspects of Facility Chemistry and Unique Processes
OP-1013	Fluor Daniel Fernald Required Reading Program
	Operator Aid Postings
OP-1017	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
RM-0002	Training Program Manual
RM-0004	Technical Support Staff Selection, Training, and Qualification Program

KEY SITE DOCUMENTS WHICH IMPLEMENT QA REQUIREMENTS (PAGE 2 OF 6)

RM-0012	Quality Assurance Program
RM-0043	Training Implementation Matrix
TR-0001	Exceptions to Training
TR-0002	Training Analysis and Program Design
TR-0004	Fernald Sitewide Training Procedure
TR-0005	Job/Procedure Briefings
TR-0006	Training Rosters
TR-0007	Evaluation of Training
TR-0008	Training Materials Development and Approval
TR-0010	Preparation of Written Examinations
TR-0011	Extension of Qualification Procedure
TR-0012	Training/Evaluation Standards
TR-0013	Qualification and Certification
TR-0015	Maintaining Training Records
TR-0017	Oral Examinations
TR-0018	Controlling and Administering Written Examinations
CRITERION 3 - C	QUALITY IMPROVEMENT
ED-12-9002	Engineering Practices Review Process
EM-0012	Conducting an Event Critique
EM-0017	Support of Accident Investigations
EM-0027	Root Cause Analysis Using System Improvements' Root Cause Tree
EM-0033	Occurrence Reporting
MS-1005	Fluor Daniel Fernald Sitewide Commitment Tracking System (CTS)
MS-1008	Identifying, Reporting, and Tracking Significant Price-Anderson Act (PAAA)
i .	Noncompliances
OP-1006	Event Investigation and Reporting
OP-1020	Sitewide Lessons Learned Program
OP-1026	Operations Assurance Deficiency Tracking System
QA-0001	Fluor Daniel Fernald Nonconformance identification and Tracking System
QA-0008	Quality Assurance Stop Work Request/Order Authority
RM-0012	Quality Assurance Program
CRITERION 4 - D	OCUMENTS AND RECORDS
CT-3.1.4	Change Orders
CT-3.5.3	Request for Clarification of Information and Design Change Notice
ED-12-4001	Functional Requirements Document
ED-12-4005	Calculation Preparation and Review Process
ED-12-4006	Specifications Preparation and Issue
ED-12-4000	Drawing Preparation and Issue
ED-12-4007 ED-12-4009	Process Flow Diagram Preparation and Issue
ED-12-4009 ED-12-5001	Project Document Control (ECDC)
	Engineering Design Change Processes
ED-12-5002	Elifiliaatilifi nasifit citatifa Lincasses

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ATTACHMENT 5 KEY SITE DOCUMENTS WHICH IMPLEMENT QA REQUIREMENTS (PAGE 3 OF 6)

ED-12-6002	Redline/As-Built Document Process
ED-12-9004	Project Closeout
EP-0001	National Environmental Policy Act
EW-0008	Maintenance of the Administrative Record Files
EW-0015	FEMP RCRA Operating Record
EW-0025	Establishment and Maintenance of Post Record of Decision Files
FD-1000	Sitewide CERCLA Quality (SCQ) Assurance Project Plan
MS-0002	Transferring Records to Inactive Storage & Retrieving Information from the
	Records Center
MS-0008	Filing and Maintenance of Records
MS-0011	Transferring Active Records to Another Record Custodian or Record Holder
MS-2001	Fluor Daniel Fernald Procedure Program
MS-2002	Fluor Daniel Fernald Forms Program
ÓP-1011	Logkeeping
OP-1012	Operations Turnover
OP-1016	Operations Procedures Availability and Use
RM-0012	Quality Assurance Program
RM-0022	Records Management Program
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CRITERION 5 - V	VORK PROCESSES
CT-1.6.1	Welding Procedure - ASME Section IX
CT-1.6.2	Welding Procedure - AWS Code Welding
CT-1.6.4	Welding Procedure - Control of Welding Consumables
CT-3.3.1	Daily Activity Reports and Field Logbooks
CT-3.3.4	Progress Photographs and Videos
CT-3.4.1	Permit Requirements and Coordination
CT-3.7.5	Control and Verification of Construction Support Contractor Work
CT-4.2.1	Asbestos Abatement
ED-12-4016	Equipment and Piping Labeling
EP-0004	Spill Incident Reporting and Clean-Up
EP-0005	Controlling Aqueous Wastewater Discharges into Wastewater Treatment
	System
EW-0002	Chain of Custody/Request for Analysis Record For Sample Control
EW-0004	Hazardous Waste Satellite Accumulation Areas
EW-0005	Handling Containers of Unidentified Materials
EW-0006	Management of Above Grade Debris
EW-0012	Tank/Sump Contents Removal
EW-0013	Tank/Sump Removal or Abandonment
EW-0014	Managing PCB's and PCB Items
EW-1016	Waste Management Task Order Planning Process
FD-1000	Sitewide CERCLA Quality (SCQ) Assurance Project Plan
FP-0001	Open Flame and Welding Permit
MS-1021	Project Management
MT-0003	FEMP Work Request/Order Procedure
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ATTACHMENT 5 KEY SITE DOCUMENTS WHICH IMPLEMENT QA REQUIREMENTS (PAGE 4 OF 6)

MT-0014	Maintenance Hold Points
OP-0004	Fluor Daniel Fernald Lockout/Tagout (Hazardous Energy and Material Control)
	Procedure
OP-1003	Control Area Activities
OP-1008	Control of Equipment and System Status
OP-1010	Independent Verification
OP-1015	Timely Orders to Operators
PL-2194	Fernald Environmental Management Project Spill Prevention Control and
	Countermeasure (SPCC) Plan
PL-3006	Materials Control and accountability (MC&A) Plan
PL-3048	Prototype Sampling and Analysis Plan for Containerized Materials at the FEMP
PL-3050	Prototype Sample and Analysis Plan for Surface Impoundment Materials at the FEMP
PM-4004	Processing Materials Through the Receiving and Incoming Materials Inspection Area (RIMIA)
PT-0003	Control and Issuance of Empty Containers at the FEMP
PT-0005	Packaging Low-Level Radioactive Waste (LLRW) in Drums
PT-0006	Packaging Low-Level Radioactive Waste (LLRW) in ISO Containers to NTS or
	DOE-NV
PT-0007	Packaging Low-Level Radioactive Waste (LLRW) in Metal Boxes
PT-0009	Collection of Contaminated Trash for Disposition
PT-0011	Evaluating Low-Level Radioactive Waste (LLRW) Bulk Waste Streams for
	Shipment to the Nevada Test Site
PT-0017	Shipment of Hazardous Cylinders
PT-0018	Preparation of Documentation for Off-Site Shipment of Hazardous Material
PT-0020	Receiving Radioactive and Non-Radioactive Hazardous Material
RM-0005	FEMP Lot Marking and Color Coding System
.RM-0012	Quality Assurance Program
RM-0016	Management Plan
SE-0006	Completing the Item Product/Certification Form, 65 CARD
SE-0007	Completing the Material Movement Record Form
SH-0017	Respirator Issuance
SH-0018	Penetration Permitting Program
SH-0020	Services Interruption Permitting Program
SH-0021	FEMP Work Permit Procedure
CRITERION 6 -	DESIGN
ED-12-3001	Engineering Design Initiation
ED-12-3001 ED-12-3002	Collection, Verification, and Use of Engineering Data
ED-12-3002 ED-12-4002	Conceptual Design Report
ED-12-4003	Design Criteria Package
ED-12-4004	Design Package
ED-12-4010	Design Verification
ED-12-4015	Performance Grading
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ATTACHMENT 5 KEY SITE DOCUMENTS WHICH IMPLEMENT QA REQUIREMENTS (PAGE 5 OF 6)

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ED-12-7001	Engineering Interfaces Document
ED-12 - 7002	Request for Engineering Services
ED-12-8001	Design Activity Closeout
FD-1000	Sitewide CERCLA Quality (SCQ)Assurance Project Plan
MS-1028	Technical Review Board
RM-0012	Quality Assurance Program
CRITERION 7 -	PROCUREMENT
AC-0001	Request for Purchase
AC-0004	Processing Unauthorized Contractual Commitments
AC-0006	Credit Card Purchases
CT-2.1.1	Construction Project Planning and Invitation for Bid/Request for proposal (IFB/RFP) Preparation
ED-12-4011	Vendor Submittals
FD-1000	Sitewide CERCLA Quality (SCQ)Assurance Project Plan
RM-0012	Quality Assurance Program
11101-00 12	Cuality Assurance Program
CRITERION 8 -	INSPECTION AND ACCEPTANCE TESTING
ED-12-6003	System Operability Testing and Startup and Turnover Plan
FD-1000	Sitewide CERCLA Quality (SCQ) Assurance Project Plan
RM-0012	Quality Assurance Program
RM-0051	Control and Calibration of Measuring and Test Equipment (M&TE)
CRITERION 9 - I	MANAGEMENT ASSESSMENT
EW-1015	Inspection of Hazardous Waste Management Units (HWMUS) and RCRA Areas
MS-0010,	Self Assessment of Fluor Daniel Fernald Requirements
MT-0012	Facility Safety Assessment Program (FSAP)
NS-0003	Obtaining Safety Analysis Support
OP-1002	Shift Routines and Operating Practices
QA-0017	Administration and Conduct of Self Assessment Activities
QA-0018	Fluor Daniel Fernald Assessment Program
RM-0012	Quality Assurance Program
RM-0025	Pre-Operational Assessment (PA) Program
CRITERION 10 -	INDEPENDENT ASSESSMENT
CT-2.3.4	Construction Functional Area Program Audit Coordination
CT-3.7.5	Control and Verification of Construction Support Contractor Work
IM-2352	FEMP Hazard Survey and Hazard Assessment
MS-0010	Self Assessment of Fluor Daniel Fernald Requirements
MS-1004	Establishing an Independent Safety Review Committee (ISRC) and Conducting
1110 100"	Independent Safety Reviews
MS-1022	Standard Startup Review (SSR)
MS-1022	Operational Readiness Review (ORR)
MO 1020	Desiling Assessed DAL October

Readiness Assessment (RA) System

MS-1024

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ATTACHMENT 5 KEY SITE DOCUMENTS WHICH IMPLEMENT QA REQUIREMENTS (PAGE 6 OF 6)

OP-1023	Conduct of Operations (CONOPS) Assessments
QA-0004	Administration and Conduct of Audit Activities
QA-0007	Administration and Conduct of Surveillance Activities
QA-0018	Fluor Daniel Fernald Assessment Program
RM-0012	Quality Assurance Program